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Cambria Freeman.

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If so, buy one that cannot be stolen. The only thief-proof Watches are those with

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Here's the Idea: The bow has a groove on each end. A collar runs down inside the pendent (stem) and fits into the grooves, firmly locking the bow to the pendent, so that it cannot be pulled or twisted off.

To be sure of getting a Non-pull-out, see that the case is stamped with this trade mark. If it cannot be had with any other kind.

Send a postal for a watch case opener to the famous Boss Filled Case makers.

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NOTICE.

My wife Susan having left home, all persons are hereby notified not to credit her on my account, as I will pay no such bills.

MICHAEL DONOHOE,
Washington township, Cambria Co., Pa.
September 7, 1894.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

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SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

From Pole to Pole

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has demonstrated its power of cure for all diseases of the blood.

The Harpooner's Story.

New Bedford, June 1, 1883.

DR. J. C. AYER & Co.—Twenty years ago I was a harpooner in the North Pacific, when five others of the crew and myself were laid up with scurvy. Our bodies were bloated, gums swollen and bleeding, teeth loose, purple blotches all over us, and our breath seemed rotten. Take it by and large we were pretty badly off. All our lime-juice was accidentally destroyed, but the captain had a couple dozen bottles of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA and gave us that. We recovered on it quicker than I have ever seen men brought about by any other form of scurvy, and I've seen a good deal of it. Seeing no mention in your Almanac of your Sarsaparilla being good for scurvy, I thought you ought to know of this, and so send you the facts.

Respectfully yours, RALPH T. WINGATE.

The Trooper's Experience.

Masten, Basutoland (S. Africa,) March 7, 1885.

DR. J. C. AYER & Co.—Gentlemen: I have much pleasure to testify to the great value of your Sarsaparilla. We have been stationed here for over two years, during which time we had to live in tents. Being under canvas for such a time brought on what is called in this country "veldt sores." I had those sores for some time. I was advised to take your Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which made my sores disappear rapidly, and I am now quite well.

Yours truly, T. K. BODEN,
Trooper, Cape Mounted Riflemen.

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Is the only thoroughly effective blood-purifier, the only medicine that eradicates the poisons of Scrofula, Mercury, and Contagious Disease from the system.

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FOSSIL BOTANY IN THE EAST.

One Hundred and Fifty Specimens of Plant Deposit Found in Pennsylvania.

Underneath the great bed of cannel coal, three miles below Darlington, making the floor of the coal mentioned, is regarded by the Pittsburgh Dispatch as one of the most varied paleobotanical deposits known to science. No other single locality in this or any other country has ever contributed such a collection and such a variety of the preglacial, or, it may be said, the carboniferous botanical flora, as has come from this coal floor. The material in which these remarkable fossil imprints occur is a dark, sandy shale, and to say that the stratum is filled with plant remains is giving the fact only mild expression. The richness and rareness of this plant deposit will be understood when it is stated that more than one hundred and fifty varieties of specimens have been found, some entirely new to science and such as have never been found elsewhere, and all this on an area of only from two to three feet in thickness, from which the superabundance of this early flora may at once be inferred. The first vegetable form that is undeniably that of a mushroom was here discovered, and so anomalous was this as to the associated formations that it was made the subject of a paper read before the American Philosophical society.

This remarkable locality is not content only in vying with the world in the richness and rareness of botanical finds, but a crustacean of a rare type is also in the collection from these shales. This is a form allied to Eurypterus, and in honor of I. F. Mansfield, the owner and enthusiastic and indefatigable collector of these specimens, the new fossil creature has been called Dolichopterus Mansfieldi. A matter of scientific interest as related to this shale is the fact that the material that entered into this cannel coal formation was not produced from the bed on which it rests, the myriads of plant specimens affording an abundance of negative testimony. Dr. Newberry, a former Ohio state geologist, has suggested that the cannel coal owes its origin probably to the drifting of a carboniferous mud into some quiet lagoon. Probably a quiet settling of sedimentary matter would better express the process, for it must have had a most quiescent action that so evenly and gently pressed down the delicate plant life so as to preserve all the fine minutiæ in the imprint. This Darlington district will become a botanical Mecca for students of paleobotanical science.

CODDLED CODFISH.

Lifted from the Water, Stuffed with Edibles and Returned to the Pool.

At Logan, near the mull of Galloway, there is a most interesting tidal fish pond. A rent in the cliffs facing the Irish channel admits the salt water through a narrow fissure, protected by a grating, into a circular rock basin, some thirty feet in diameter and twenty feet deep. The cliffs rise high all around; stone steps descend on one side to a ledge leveled into a footpath at the water's edge. No sooner does the visitor's footfall resound on the stairs than the green water, hitherto motionless and apparently lifeless, becomes peopled with large brown fish, rising from the depths, gliding and dashing about in a great state of excitement. These are cod, lythe and saithe, which, caught on lines in the sea, have been transferred to this pond to be fattened for the table. They are fed daily by the keeper, says the National (English) Magazine, and experience has taught them to connect the sound of footsteps with their mealtime.

Formerly a clapper used to be rung to summon them, but this was no more than a trick of the stage; the footfall on the stone is quite enough to awaken them to activity. Most of the cod, being deep water fish, become totally blind in captivity from excess of light, but they become so tame and accustomed to their keeper as not only to feed out of his hand, but some of them allow themselves to be lifted out of the water. One may witness the strange sight of a huge cod, more than an ell long, dangled on the knee like a baby, his mouth stuffed with mussels and limpets, after which he is returned to the water with a mighty splash. On the table these fish, thus tended and fed, prove much better than fish brought straight from the open sea.

The Doctor's Rash Promise.

This is a true tale, and it points a moral. A physician of this city had treated a certain gentleman and was asked the question: "How much do I owe you?"

"Three dollars," said the physician.

But when the patient drew forth a ten dollar gold piece the healer looked chapfallen, and asked, anxiously: "Have you no change?"

"No," was the answer. "Only this and two nickels."

"Then give me the two nickels," said the physician, "for if I take the gold I shall be seven dollars out."

The unhappy man had rashly promised his wife that all the gold taken in by him in the discharge of his calling should be his wife's perquisite.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

How Beetles Defend Themselves.

Beetles have other defenses than their cuirass, such as nauseous or caustic liquids which they expel on provocation, and an English scientist has found that certain beetles actually exude their blood, charged with noxious products. So far he finds the practice confined to the chrysomelidæ, some of the timarchæ, adamonia, the coccinellidæ and the meloidæ. The blood of the coccinelidæ has a strong disagreeable odor like that of the whole insect; that of the timarchæ is odorless but has an astringent flavor, and in the case of the timarchæ primelioides is venomous. The l'quid of the meloidæ contains much cantharidine.

A Singular Suicide.

Very curious is the suicide just committed by a Levantine millionaire of the name of Semama, at Marseilles. In the garden of his superb oriental palace on the Prado he had caused a marble sepulcher to be built, fitted with iron doors and furnished with a divan, candelabra and braziers filled with charcoal. He was wont to retire here from time to time, but the other day failed to reappear, and on the iron doors being broken open he was found lying on the divan, asphyxiated by the fumes of the burning charcoal.

POINTS FROM THE BICYCLE.

A Revolution in Steam and Electricity May Be Brought About.

For many years man has attempted the construction of a successful road machine to be propelled by the rider, says the Scientific American. The first signs of real success came in the application of crank propulsion to the old velocipede. The next development was the introduction of elastic tires of India rubber. Then came the last and greatest improvement, the pneumatic tire. Meanwhile the proportions and details of the machine were constantly changing, until the wheel of to-day was evolved with its ball bearings, wherever possible, and with air-inflated tires. Where he has to propel himself, man naturally has done everything to facilitate the work. The principal bearings of a bicycle, all except those of the chain gearing, work on hard steel balls, running with a minimum of friction and readily adjustable for end shake. The old solid rubber tire enabled the average rider to make high speed; the modern pneumatic tire adds three or four miles an hour more to his rate. But while man has effected these improvements where his own individual exertions are concerned, does it not seem as if he had neglected to extend his ingenuity to the horse, steam and electricity-propelled vehicles? An impression that the bicycle has engrossed all the time of the constructor and inventor of improvements in vehicles is created—the carriage and the rail car seem awaiting their turn.

A few solid rubber-tired carriages still fewer pneumatic-tired vehicles, are seen upon our roads and streets. The pneumatic sulky used on the race track is a side issue. Roller or ball bearings are a rarity among carriages and on railroads. It is unquestionable that, if it could be done, a veritable revolution in steam and electrical transportation might be brought about by the further application of these improvements. It seems absurd to suggest a steam railroad car on pneumatic tires. But light short cars could certainly be carried on elastic tires of some kind, which would do away with the greater part of the noise and injurious jarring of iron wheels against steel rails. The friction of car wheels is greatly diminished by roller or ball bearings. By every improvement in the direction of preventing jarring, lightness of construction would be favored. The whole system of transporting passengers in vehicles operated by steam or electricity is subject to radical modifications. The rail car, as now used, is open to criticism in many respects. Possibly the whole system of operating railroads may yet be changed. But it is hard to believe that the lesson taught by the bicycle cannot be of use to the railroad engineer. Elastic tires, light construction, almost frictionless bearings, should have some place in his economy.

CHAPERONE FOR A CORPSE.

How a Stranded Actor Worked His Passage Across the Continent.

The other day an actor who a fortnight ago was known to be stranded on the Pacific slope, made his appearance on Broadway dressed in the height of fashion and the deepest mourning, says the New York Evening Sun. As his old acquaintances met him they exclaimed simultaneously:

"How did you get here? Where did you get the clothes? Who's dead?"

The actor waved them away imperiously.

"Don't ask questions, now," he cried. "I earned the clothes and I traveled first-class all the way from 'Frisco. There's no one dead. I'm just wearing the clothes from a sense of the fitness of things. Keep it dark, boys, and I'll tell you. I've been chaperoning a stiff. You see, it was like this," continued the actor. "There was I, out in 'Frisco without a red. My trunks were gone and my credit at the hotel. I hadn't so much as an alternate pocket handkerchief. I was beginning to think seriously of suicide, when I heard that a wealthy easterner had just died in the hotel, and his friends were looking for some reliable person to take the body on east. It is a rule with the railroad companies that when a body is shipped the friends must buy two tickets—one for the corpse and one for the person in charge of it. Well, I applied for the job and got it. The friends of the corpse gave me the mourning suit and kept me supplied with all the creature comforts from cocktails to sleepers. There are worse jobs than a stiff's chaperone."

Afterward, when the actor had passed, a manager exclaimed: "How's that for a ghastly yarn? And yet I know that fellow is telling the truth. Did you notice none of the other actors seemed surprised at his story? You'll find that lots of actors who have played and been stranded in the far west have chaperoned a stiff at some time in their career. You see, in Denver and those other health resorts easterners are constantly dying. Often the persons have no friends out there, and the relatives are only too glad to pay some respectable person for bringing the body home."

Uncomfortable Corean Houses.

The "kang," the Corean house furnace, renders the atmosphere of the inns where travelers take their rest almost insufferable. It is pictured as a primitive, though effective, means of heating the houses throughout the kingdom. A small fire of brushwood is lighted in the small furnace at one side of the house, thence numerous flues under the mud floor conduct the smoke and hot air to an upright chimney or hole in the wall at the opposite end or side, and a little fire suffices to thoroughly heat a large house. Capt. Cavendish says he is not surprised to find coughs and colds common, for an indoor temperature of seventy or eighty degrees and an outdoor one of zero form trying extremes. Moreover, the constant warmth seems to keep alive the numerous flies, fleas, bugs and cockroaches with which most of the houses swarm.

Napoleon's Poison Bag.

A curious detail of Napoleon Bonaparte's costume was the religious care with which he kept hung around his neck the little leather envelope, shaped like a heart, which contained the poison that was to liberate him in case of irretrievable reverses of fortune. This poison was prepared after a recipe that Cabanis had given to Corvisart, and after the year 1808 the emperor never undertook a campaign without having his little packet of poison.

CURIOSITIES OF PLANT LIFE.

Trees That Distill Water, Furnish Light, Change Color, and Catch Fish.

On the Canary Island grows a fountain tree, a tree most needed in some parts of the island, says the San Jose (Cal.) Mercury. It is said that the leaves constantly distill enough water to furnish drink to every living creature in Hiero, nature having provided this remedy for the drought of the island. Every morning, near this part of the island, a cloud or mist arises from the sea, which the winds force against the steep cliff on which the tree grows, and it is from the mist that the tree distills the water.

China, too, claims her remarkable tree. This is known as the tallow tree, so called from the fact of its producing a substance like tallow, and which serves the same purpose, is of the same consistency, color and smell. On the island of Lewchew grows a tree about the size of a common cherry tree, which possesses the peculiarity of changing the color of its blossoms. At one time the flower assumes the tint of the lily, and again shortly takes the color of the rose. In Thibet there is a curious tree known as the tree of the thousand images; its leaves are covered with well-defined characters of the Thibetan alphabet. It is of great age and the only one of its kind known there.

The caobab tree is considered one of the most wonderful of the vegetable kingdom. It appears that nothing can kill this tree; hence it reaches an astonishing age as well as enormous size. The natives make a strong cord from the fibers of the bark; hence the trees are continually barked, but without damage, as they soon put forth a new bark. It seems impervious to fire and even the ax is resisted, as it continues to grow in length while it is lying on the ground.

In Mexico there is a plant known by the name of Palo de Leche. It belongs to the family of euphorbia. The Indians throw the leaves into the water and the fish become stupefied and rise to the surface and are then caught by the natives. In this case the effect of the narcotic soon passes off. The milk of this plant thrown upon the fire gives out fumes that produce nausea and headache. The milk taken internally is a deadly poison; it will produce death or insanity according to the size of the doze. There is a popular belief among the lower class in Mexico that the insanity of the ex-Empress Carlotta was caused by this poison.

AN ARTIFICIAL NIAGARA.

England's Scheme to Utilize the Current of the Irish Channel.

England does not propose to be behind the United States in the utilization of natural waterpower for electric lighting and machinery. Since she has no Niagara, she proposes, it is said, to make one. The force to be borrowed is that of old ocean itself, says an article in the Boston Traveller.

The North sea flows through the Irish channel with a swift southward current. At the Mull of Cantire, only fifteen miles from Scotland, the average depth of the strait is not more than three hundred feet. A dam built at this point would incidentally permit of railroad connection between the sister islands. But the main purpose of its construction would be to bank up the waters and create an artificial difference of levels.

The sea north of such a wall would at once rise higher than the Irish sea, which would be turned into an inlet or bay. By tapping the dam an almost inexhaustible power could be drawn upon, since the greater width of the wall would more than make up for the steeper descent of the narrow Niagara river. Secondary advantages, such as increased navigability of the now stormy Irish sea and improvement in the ports of eastern Iceland are claimed for the plan.

Sensitive About His Age.

When a distinguished man like M. Grevy refuses to tell his age, surely ordinary women may be excused for so purely feminine weakness. By this subterfuge the president misled his countrymen into believing him to be six years younger than he was, according to an anecdote, as follows: "M. Grevy was always very reluctant to tell his age and openly admitted that reluctance. At a dinner party given by one of his friends in 1872, the future president of the republic said, with a smile: 'People may try as much as they like, they will never know my real age.' And, in fact, when M. Herold, who was some time a minister of the third republic, endeavored to obtain definite particulars of M. Grevy's age for a new edition of 'Vapereau,' M. Grevy persistently refused to supply them. 'The archives of Mountsou-Vaudrey were burnt in 1813,' he said, 'and you must do the best you can. You'll get no information from me.' As a consequence, all M. Grevy's biographers gave the year 1813 as that of his birth, while in reality he was born in 1807."

ODDS AND ENDS.

COLUMBIAN coins are plentiful now.

THOMAS JEFFERSON invented the modern plow.

THE confederate congress had no printed rules.

WHEELMEN now make bicycle trips over the Alps.

THERE are eight women colonels in the German army.

BERMUDA farms bear three successive crops in one year.

KNOX county, Me., has a three-year-old inveterate smoker.

THE charcoal business has been declining for thirty years.

GREAT BRITAIN has twenty-two thousand miles of turnpikes.

A SPARROW at Joplin, Mo., worked a five-dollar bill into its nest.

The Discovery of Glass.

There is little or nothing known with certainty in regard to the invention or discovery of glass. Some of the oldest specimens are Egyptian, and the age of certain glass vessels made by that people, which are now kept in the British museum, is believed to be at least 4,194 years, dating back to the year 2300 B. C. Transparent glass was first used about 750 B. C., the credit of this latter discovery being given to the Phœnicians. The old story of its accidental discovery is familiar: Merchants who were resting their cooking pots on blocks of subcarbonate of soda found glass produced by the union, under heat, of the alkali and the sands of the desert.

STEWARD OF AN OCEAN LINER.

A Position of Responsibility with an Army of Subordinates to Oversee.

It may surprise some old globe trotters to know that the big ocean greyhounds running between New York and the European ports carry on an average nineteen thousand pieces of sterling silverware for their table service, and that this large amount of plate is handled during the voyage by from two hundred to two hundred and forty waiters or "stewards," as they are called on shipboard. The chief steward is responsible for every piece, says the New York Mail and Express. He must be a man of quick powers of observation, a student of human nature and be up to all the little devices of a small army of subordinates usually keener and quicker witted than those found ashore in the same calling. It is a busy day for the steward twenty-four hours before the time set for departure. He has purchased or contracted for all the supplies and an assistant sees that the contracts are fulfilled. But his personal attention must be given to silverware. He keeps a regular debit and credit account and can tell to a toothpick just what he will start away with. On the voyage passengers are apt to lose spoons or forks or other ware by accident, and occasionally a gay blade may think it amusement to toss a sugar bowl or half a dozen knives through a port hole. It is needless to say that he furnishes a quid pro quo before he goes ashore. When the other side is reached the chief steward spends a day in balancing accounts. He started with so much, and so much should be on hand. If there is a difference he seeks to find it, and if he can't find it he "makes good" himself. The responsibility of such a position naturally commands a high salary, and every chief steward on every ocean steamship running from this port is, without exception, a man of unimpeachable integrity. The extraordinary record is that in thirty years there have been but two accusations of a betrayal of a trust.

FAIRY RINGS OF HELENA

Theories Advanced as to Their Origin—Common in Eastern Montana.

The well-known circle on the pasture lands about six miles east of Helena, near the old overland stage road, and which has been a curiosity and a source of speculation for years, is identical with the fairy rings so common in some parts of England. There were formerly two of these rings, says the Helena (Mont.) Independent, but one has entirely disappeared within the last few years. The remaining one is about two hundred feet in diameter and forms a perfect circle. The ground forming the circle is about two yards wide and quite destitute of vegetation. Many theories have been advanced as to the cause of these rings. Some say that it is the result of lightning; others that a herd of buffalo, pursued by wolves, stopped and formed themselves into a circle as a means of defending their young, and thus tramped out the grass. These rings have attracted the attention of scientific men, and recent investigations have shown they are the result of centrifugal development of certain kinds of fungi, among which is the common mushroom, which shows a tendency to grow in this manner. The spot where it has grown is unfitted for its continued nourishment, and the spawn extends outward to new soil, forming the circle. These rings are common in eastern Montana, along the Musselshell river, but the one near Helena is the most perfect in the state.

COMPLACENT CHINA.

Condescention Toward Wayward Young Nations Like America.

It is not easy for the outside world to understand that the position of China toward foreigners is one of philosophical condescention, and that nothing could be more genuine than the Chinese sense of mental superiority in dealing with human affairs, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. During one of the controversies between this country and China about immigration a Chinese editor put the case in this way:

"We must remember that we are the oldest nation and that America is one of the youngest. We who have been so favored as to inherit a high civilization from our wise rulers of antiquity and have been blessed with the sublime teachings of our great sages, ought to be patient with the excited caprices of a nation in its unthinking childhood. If we maintain a calm attitude and do not allow ourselves to get angry over the pranks of a young country, why, in course of time America will change and grow wiser and abandon her present foolish conduct. Nations learn by experience, just as children do, and we ought to maintain our dignity and wait in patience while America advances to a state of maturity and learns to manage things in a proper and judicious way."

This is the tranquil tone of Socrates sending away a spoiled child, admonished, but pardoned and unspanked.

EXTRAVAGANT MILL GIRLS.

They Receive Fairly Good Wages, But Are Averse to Saving.

In the great carpet mills of Philadelphia, where, it is claimed, more carpet is made in a single ward than in the whole of England, the actual competition of women with men is a marked feature; in many cases, says Lippincott's Magazine, they earn equal pay for the same work. In these mills the burlers earn from $6 to $10 a week. They work from 7 in the morning till 6 at night, with half an hour off for dinner. Those who do not live at home can get good board for $2 a week, leaving quite a large margin for dress or for savings. It would be of great benefit to them if they could acquire the habit of systematic saving, but to this they are generally averse. Some of them do save, however, and it is no uncommon thing for a mill girl to save $300 or $400 before marriage. The first few years of married life are safely tided over by the united savings of the couple, and it is unusual for the children not to begin work by the time they are 14. They can earn $2.50 and upwards, and this sum, as a rule, goes into the family treasury. Thus there will often be five or six bread-winners in a family, and, if thrifty, a neat little sum may be laid away. Thrift and economy are, however, rather exceptional virtues among the mill workers. They eat, twice a day, the most expensive meat (16 and 18 cents per pound), and pay extravagant sums for early vegetables.

HAD A POWER OF ETERNITY.

Mike Was Weak in Legal Lore But Strong in Dog and Gun.

"Speaking of the term 'power of attorney,'" said a well-known lawyer the other day to a New York Evening Sun man, "reminds me of a little incident that occurred to Judge —— and myself last spring up in Sullivan county. We were out for a week's trouting and determined to poach on the preserves of a fishing club which had secured control of the river for a distance of several miles and where public fishing was strictly forbidden. We knew that part of the creek was guarded by an old Irishman in the employ of the club, who patrolled the banks, accompanied by a ferocious-looking bull dog and a gun identified with the revolutionary period, but we decided to take chances rather than return with empty creels. So on the following morning, just at the peep of day, we sneaked up the creek, through the woods, and struck in at a point just out of sight of the clubhouse. We had a glorious time until about nine o'clock and had filled our creels to the crowding point when suddenly old Mike, with his dog and gun, appeared on the opposite bank. 'Hey, ye divils! Come out o' that!' he shouted. We pretended not to hear, meanwhile edging over toward the opposite bank.

"'Av yez don't come out Oi'll sic me dog on yez!' roared Mike. This time I looked up, but pretended not to understand.

"'Yes!' I shouted back, 'it's a fine day!'

"'A foine day is it?' bellowed the irate Celt: 'Shure ye'll think it's a doomed bad day if yez don't come over here out o' that!' And Mike began to finger the antique musket ominously. I began to think it was time to temporize.

"By what authority do you order us out of this stream?' I asked as severely as I could.

"'Be what autoority is it?' screamed Mike, 'be what autoority? Shure an' I'd have yez know that I've full power av eternity over the creek, an' av yez don't come out I'll blow the top o' yez heads off!'

"This was too much. We didn't mind the dog or the gun, but a 'full power of eternity' was something we didn't want to contend with, so we yielded and left the stream."

WHY HE QUIT GAMBLING.

A Virginian Who Was Ashamed of Himself for Winning.

That a man should look after money lost in gambling with penitent eyes and vow never again to be tempted to like sinful foolishness seems not so strange. But Gen. Maury, in his "Recollections of a Virginian," tells how he was led to a similar decision by an opposite experience. The occurrence took place while he was an instructor at West Point.

We had a very jovial and humorous set of young officers at the academy for several years after the Mexican war, and great kindness of feeling prevailed. We played whist, dime points, faro and brag at the same moderate rate. It was noted that at faro we almost invariably broke the bank.

One winter I was laid up for many weeks by an injury to my leg, received while riding, and my room, during all that time, was the gathering place after dinner. The card table was drawn up to my bed, and I played my hand until tired and sleepy.

One night we were playing brag, and as I became drowsy, little Frank Clarke said he would play my hand for me while I slept. When I awoke, the next morning, I found under my pillow the greatest amount I had ever won at cards.

I reflected that it was a demoralizing amusement; that avarice, the basest of human passions, was its moving impulse; that often, at the card table, I observed some show of feeling that left an unpleasant remembrance against a comrade, and that none of us could afford to win or lose even a few dollars; so I ceased all play for money, and have been glad of it ever since.

THE SNAKE CATCHER.

Odd Occupation of a Mississippi Houseboat Couple.

The selling of snakes to scientific men, to manufacturers who use the skins and to museums is a business which a man and his wife who live in a Mississippi houseboat engage in. The strange couple were interviewed the other day by the reporter for a New Orleans paper. The man does most of the snake catching, and, although he has been bitten several times, he considers the experience only a trifling incident of his trade. "A rattlesnake, for instance, when pursued," he says, "coils and is ready to defend himself. I flip a stone or small piece of stick at him; he uncoils and starts off, but before he can again coil I have him back of the neck. No, I use no stick—nothing but my bare hands. You may laugh, too, when I tell you that our snake lore teaches us not to hunt when the wind is in the northwest. If we do we find no snakes. The principal seasons of the year for us are spring and fall; the snakes are then fat and produce lots of oil." Of all the snakes in the United States only three families, he says, can be classed as deadly. "But," he adds, "these families comprise about thirty-two species, distributed as follows: Rattlesnakes, seven; cotton-mouths, eight; copperheads, seventeen, the two latter being moccasins and dwellers in the swamps and low places." The snake catcher's method of treating bites is as follows: "When bitten I immediately tie a band above the wound, cutting the latter deeply in order to cause it to bleed freely, and to reach below the extremity pierced by the fang. The cut is then sucked, or warm, newly killed flesh is applied, and the remedies are then rubbed into the wound, neutralizing the poison."

And the Clouds Rolled By.

A cloud had overcast their sky and tear fell here and there as the gray shut out the blue.

She was piqued at some little dereliction of his and had taken her smile away from him as a petulant mother takes a rose from a child.

He had remonstrated and pleaded, but she was obdurate.

She spoke unkindly, even angrily, but he showed no resentment.

He had erred; he sought forgiveness.

"You are constantly foolish," she said, as if in defense of her severity.

"Yes, dear," he begged, "but think how foolishly constant I am."

NOTES ABOUT WOMEN.

OF the two thousand girl students in the London Guildhall school of music about three hundred are studying music.

MISS SCHUYLER, the American singer and composer, known on the stage as Idalia Scalia, is reported to be about to renounce the world and enter a Catholic convent.

REV. MR. JOB, of North Middleboro, Mass., has fitted up in the steeple of his church a play room, in which babies are taken care of by volunteer nurses while the mothers attend divine service.

THE daughter of the late king of Sweden, now crown princess of Denmark, is the giantess among the royal personages of Europe. Her highness amounts to considerably over six feet.—Philadelphia Ledger.

THE only woman lawyer in Spain is Manuela y Palido, of Madrid, whose portrait, with her permission to practice law in the Spanish courts, hung in Spain's exhibit in the Woman's building at the world's fair.

RUDYARD

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - OCTOBER 5, 1894.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
WILLIAM M. SINGERLY,
of Philadelphia.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN S. RILLING,
of Erie.

For Auditor General,
DAVID F. MAGEE,
of Lancaster.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs,
WALTER W. GREENLAND,
of Clarion.

For Congress at Large,
THOMAS COLLINS, of Centre.
HENRY S. MYERS, of Allegheny.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Congress,
THOMAS J. BURKE, of Altoona.

For Sheriff,
ROBERT H. NIXON,
of Johnstown.

For Assembly,
J. R. DENNY,
of Ebensburg.
JOHN RICKETTS,
Reade township.

For Poor Director,
JAMES FLINN,
of Johnstown.

For Jury Commissioner,
ANSELM WEAKLAND,
of Carroll township.

JOHN J. CURLEY, formerly a reporter on the *Record*, has been appointed recorder of Philadelphia, vice Green, deceased.

A SYNDICATE of English capitalists have secured an option on 25 pulp mills on the Fox river, Wis. The value of the plants is estimated at $10,000,000.

THERE has seldom been given a more short and pithy definition of "protection" than that which describes it as "a setting up of tollgates on every avenue of productive industry and making the many pay tribute to the few." This is felicitous, and may be comprehended by those who read as they run.

A LIGHTER vote was polled in the Georgia state election on Wednesday than was cast two years ago. The Democratic ticket was elected by a majority estimated at 30,000. Atkinson, the Democratic candidate for governor, ran behind his ticket. Many either scratched Atkinson or voted for Hines Populist.

THE new bridge which is to span the Delaware river between Philadelphia and Camden, New Jersey, will be 1,950 feet in length, and consists of three spans of 540 feet each and a draw span of 330 feet and to be forty feet above high water mark and to cost $1,250,000. This bridge will abolish the Ferry nuisance and street car changes at that point.

THE notorious Captain Howgate who previous to 1881, robbed the Federal treasury of $360,000, and after arrest escaped from the officer, was arrested in new York on Thursday. For 13 long years he eluded the officials who were looking for him. When he left he weighed 190 pounds, now his weight is only 145. The money is gone too.

LAST week Prof. Swinthin C. Shortlidge, president of the academy at Media, Pa., who killed his young wife some months ago, and was, by some, considered insane and taken to an asylum, was tried at Media for murder, the relatives of his wife claiming that he was not insane when he killed his wife, but that he committed the deed through jealousy, or for some other cause. The jury acquitted him. He was then taken to an asylum.

The Republican party leaders waived the bloody shirt until it was threadbare; they cried for protection until the workingmen were tired of being duped; now they are tearing their hair and uttering the calamity howl although the country is every day making strides to renewed prosperity which was banished by Republican legislation which only inured to the benefit of corporations and trusts. The leaders must believe that the people have no intelligence, that they read nothing, know nothing, and that they can be fooled all the time.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says: Requisitions are being received at the postoffice department from postmasters in the vicinity of all the large cities of the country, for large quantities of one cent stamped envelopes. These orders are caused by the great drain that is being made upon postoffices by the Republican and Democratic state committees, which are engaged in sending out hundreds of thousands of campaign circulars. The department, of course, is amply able to supply all demands, and as fast as received the orders are complied with.

IN discussing the suppression of forest fires State Forestry Commissioner Rothrock says:

"The reason more prompt means are not taken by the authorities to suppress forest fires in the state is simply because it is to big a problem for the counties. The law requires the county commissioners to appoint persons to 'ferret out' those who start fires, but it also provides that such service shall be paid for by the counties themselves. This is a gross injustice; first, because it places the heaviest burden on the weakest counties, which have the largest woodland area and the smallest population from which to raise taxes; and, secondly, because the state at large is as much interested in the suppression of these fires as the counties are.

"The remote timbered hills are, and must continue to be, the sources from which the water comes that nourishes the life and industries of the more populous parts. It would bankrupt the treasury of Pike county, for example, to suppress all the forest fires which originate in or spread to its limits; yet, that county is one of the most important water sheds of the state."

THE following brief but straightforward and incisive address was delivered by Colonel Singerly to the committee from the state convention that notified him of his nomination on Saturday last:

"On behalf of my colleagues and for myself, the honor done us by the Democracy of Pennsylvania in naming us their candidates for the state ticket and the kind terms in which you have given us formal notice of their action, are duly appreciated.

We accept the nominations and indorse the platform approved by the convention.

Tariff reform, honest money, frugal federal, state and municipal government are aims worth fighting for.

When we shall be able to divorce politics from business so as to let the people do their own banking, trading, carrying and manufacturing, precisely as we allow them to do their own farming, without meddlesome discrimination for or against any special interest, and only restricted by such few general laws as are necessary for the public safety and welfare there will be a return of settled prosperity.

The people can take care of themselves.

Legislation which promotes capitalistic aggregations, syndicates, trusts and political combinations for the purpose of plunder promotes counter organizations of the plundered and disorganizes society.

A resumption of simpler Jeffersonian methods, in which nothing shall be undertaken by the government which may be accomplished by individual exertion, should be the basis of Democratic effort. To this end let us unitedly strive.

When the fathers declared the people were capable of self-government they meant it in the strictest sense of the phrase.

Our best efforts will be given to make the campaign successful and we beseech you to give earnest attention to general organization and special organization in your individual districts.

It is upon this earnest and efficient organization that the result depends. The Democracy deserves success for their efforts, and you, gentlemen, can make it so.

A LITTLE more than a year ago, says the Wilkesbarre *Leader*, when the Republicans were doing the calamity howl for all it was worth and charging the depression in business to the agitation of tariff reform, Thomas Dolan, one of the leading business men of Philadelphia and a bright and shining light in the ranks of the Republican party, said in an interview: "It appears to me that it is entirely wrong for the Republicans to keep harping away upon the same old campaign tactics. The Democrats have fully three years to right matters, and if the Republicans insist that the present depression is due to fear regarding the tariff, when business becomes brighter the Democrats will claim all of the credit and assert that better times are due to whatever change in the tariff laws they may have enacted. This country is just as rich as it was six months ago. The harvests are bountiful, the needs of consumers are just as great, and as soon as congress enacts the proper laws I look for a complete restoration of confidence which will cause the tide of prosperity again to sweep over the land."

Subsequent events have proved his keen foresight. The proper laws have been passed, and there is evidence on every hand of a return of prosperity; nevertheless, the calamity howl is kept up, with a slight modification, however. Not being able to entirley ignore the evidence of returning prosperity, they have tuned their horns to the strain that will not last.

THE Democrats will open their campaign in this state on October 20, and continue for two weeks, a series of important receptions and meetings in the principal cities. William M. Singerly, candidate for governor, will head a party of distinguished Democrats made up of the other candidates on the state ticket, and party leaders from all sections of the commonwealth. They will travel in a special train, and after holding a meeting at Pittsburg will go to Erie and thence through the oil region. Visits will be made to the principal cities and towns along the line of the Pennsylvania railroad.

Besides Mr. Singerly, the party will include Governor Pattison, National Chairman William F. Harrity, Attorney-General Hensel, ex-Congressman Soden, ex-Secretary of the Commonwealth William S. Stenger, all of whom will make speeches. Candidate John S. Rilling, David F. Magee, W. W. Greenland, Thomas Collins and Henry Meyer and many other Democrats prominent in the party councils in Pennsylvania.

State Chairman Stranahan is at present engaged in arranging the details of the tour, which he hopes to make the most successful political affair that ever occurred in this state.

CANIDATE HASTINGS, says the Clearfield *Public Spirit*, is busy these days telling the people of Pennsylvania how the hard times were brought about by the Democratic party and charging every calamity to the Democratic administration. Dan has talked every evening for the past ten days but he hasn't said a word about refusing to live up to the pledges he made to the miners of Sterling in the spring of 1892 when he was president of the Sterling Coal Company. Dan can talk all day and say very little but he must not be blamed too much for that infirmity as people do say that Prof. Atherton, of State College, writes all of his speeches, and maybe Atherton knows more about scientific farming than about politics and broken promises.

PERSONS more than eighty years old are not allowed to marry in Russia, and no one is permitted to be married more than five times.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 29, 1894.—Chairman Faulkner, of the Democratic congressional campaign committee, consented this week for the first time to give out his estimate of the result of the congressfonal elections. He figures, after making a most liberal allowance for doubtful districts—too liberal many Democrats think—, that there will be in the next house 190 Democrats, 156 Republicans and 10 populists. As instances of his liberality in making allowance for doubtful districts it may be mentioned that he only claims the election of nine Democratic representatives in Illinois, while the estimate of the Republican campaign committee concedes the election of all Democrats in that state; he only claims 5 in Louisiana, while the Republicans concedes 6, in South Carolina he claims 4 and the Republicans concede 6. That will give a fair idea of the care exercised by Senator Faulkner in making up his figures. He prefers underestimating the Democratic strength to overestimating it, and has no desire to encroach upon the bluster and bragging which has been such a marked feature of the campaign on the Republican side.

Senator Hill is just the sort of man who makes strong friends and bitter enemies in his own party, but the bitterest of his enemies will concede that he has a wonderful hold on the Democratic voters of New York, which he has demonstrated time and time again. Circumstances having made it necessary that the Democratic candidate for governor of New York should be a man who could bring out the full Democratic vote of the state, which is always a majority, it logically followed that Senator Hill was that man. For that reason Democrats in Washington, whether they be his friends or his enemies, were pleased with Senator Hill's nomination and are confident that he will be elected. He has never been defeated by the voters of New York and he will not be this year. There is much disappointment over Senator Hill's nomination, but it is confined to the Republicans who were not counting upon such a formidable antagonist. A member of the cabinet was asked by a personal friend how he supposed President Cleveland would regard the nomination of Senator Hill, and he quickly replied: "Why, just as all other good Democrats do; as the best that could possibly have been made under existing circumstances. The President wishes New York to be carried by the Democrats, and I know he believes that with Senator Hill at the head of the ticket it will be." "But what about 1896?" queried this inquisitive friend. "Let us win the campaign of '94" replied the member of the cabinet; "then we can begin to discuss the probabilities and possibilities of '96"

Public Printer Benedict has made a decided reform in the government printing office by abolishing piece work and putting all the printers on time. Nothing around that establishment has caused more bickering and jealousy than the piece-work system; which a portion of the men worked under. It made a man's pay dependent more upon luck in striking "phat," or the favor of his foreman than upon his merits or his skill as a printer. By putting them all upon time work the pay is equalized and it is believed that the work will be better done. It is certain that the public printer will be enabled to devote much time to more important duties that he has heretofore been compelled to waste in listening to the friends of those working on time who wished to get transferred to the piece department, because they could make more money.

The new tariff abrogated all the reciprocity treaties made under the McKinley law, and the formal notice served upon the state department by Brazil of its intention to abrogate the reciprocity treaty between that government and the U. S. on January 1, 1895, was merely a compliance with the expressed terms of the treaty, which were that either country should give the other three months notice. So far as this country was concerned, the treaty was abrogated the day the new tariff became a law. Mr. Mendonca, the Brazilian Minister, when asked what effect he thought the abrogation of the treaty would have upon the trade relations of the two countries, said: "The rates will not be materially raised by Brazil against this country, and I am expecting this country to make large increase in sending manufactured woolens to Brazil as a result of the new woolen manufacturing induced by free raw wool in the new tariff law. Outside of these items few changes will occur by the termination of the reciprocity." M.

An Express Held Up.

Phoenix, Ari., October 1.—The Southern Pacific east bound express was held up two miles east of Maricopa late last night by three men, two of whom were masked. They boarded the train as it was leaving Maricopa, capturing the head brakeman. He was compelled to turn on the air brakes and stop the train. The engineer and head brakeman with pistols at their heads, were compelled to go back to the express car and induce the messenger to open the door. One of the bandits was then put in the car and searched for valuables while the others guarded each side of the train. The amount taken is not known, but it is supposed to be small. The trainmen were then marched away a short distance and liberated, the robbers mounting their horses and striking southward.

Sheriff Drais, of Pinal county, and Sheriff Murphy, of Maricopa, were at once telegraphed for. Drais sent a posse from Cassa Grande to the scene of the robbery, while Murphy sent several posses out to intercept the fugitives. Sheriff Murphy reached the camp of the suspected men, seven miles east of the city, about 8 o'clock this morning. The only occupant was Frank Armour, a cowboy, who commenced shooting as soon as the officers came in sight. The officers returned the fire with shotguns, mortally wounding their man. The The robbers' horses, badly jaded, were found near by, as well as their rifles, but the confederates had disappeared. Deputies and posses are in pursuit and it is expected they will soon capture them. The men are undoubtedly the same who robbed the Columbus stage several weeks ago. The watches taken from the street car employes a few nights ago were also found in the camp. The penalty for train robbery in Arizona is death.

Younhful Sport.

Pittsburg, October 1.—Willie Browne, aged 13, residing on Thirteenth street, is on the verge of an attack of tetanus, the result of a prank of playmates.

Saturday evening, while at play the boys found a mule shoe. It was proposed to play blacksmith and Willie was selected to represent the horse. The crowd held the boy fast, while another boy drove three nails through the iron shoe into the boy's foot. One of the nails passed entirely through his foot, while the other two penetrated quite a distance into the flesh.

He fainted from the pain and his companions fled. The boy is in a critical condition. None of the boys concerned in the affair have yet been arrested.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Struck by a Cyclone.

Little Rock, Ark., October 2.—A terrible cyclone swept over the business portion of this city at 7:40 o'clock to night, carrying death and destruction in its path. Just shortly after dark a very heavy storm came from the west, accompanied by vivid flashes of lightning and heavy clashes of thunder. The sky suddenly cleared and the storm was thought to be over when suddenly a heavy gale from the southwest appeared and for three minutes the city was in the throes of death and destruction.

The wind was terrific in the extreme, trees, telegraph, telephone and electric light poles were uprooted and carried a distance of two hundred yards. The roofs of about thirty of the largest buildings in the city were torn from the house and hurled against buildings on the opposite side of the street, leaving the occupants and property within the mercy of the drenching rain which began to fall in torrents shortly afterwards.

At 11 o'clock to night a message was received from the insane asylum, situated two miles from this city, and the state penitentiary, just west of the Union depot, calling for a corps of physicians and other assistance. It is reliably stated that a number of patients at the asylum are fatally injured and great damage was done to the building. Reports from the penitentiary say six convicts were badly injured by falling timbers, two of whom will die.

Passengers Had a Narrow Escape.

Chester, Pa., October 2.—The passengers on board of the York and Washington express on the Pennsylvania railroad, due in this city at 10:23 this morning, had a remarkable escape from serious injury and perhaps death. The train struck one of the Dupont powder wagons near Gordon Heights, killing one of the horses, seriously and perhaps fatally injured the driver and scattered powder cans in various directions without an explosion. The wagon was on its way to the powder company's wharf, and it seems miraculous that the powder did not explode, in which event the train would probably have been wrecked. The driver, George Lutton, was brought to this city and placed in the hospital. He was unable to give any information about the accident.

Four Fortunate Miners.

Scranton, Pa., September 30.—Rescued from what was believed to be certain death on Thursday, when a portion of the workings of the Northwest colliery at Simpson, near Carbondale, caved in, William Mitchell, George Arney, John Fanning and Andrew Klapkowsky are to-day the objects of demonstrative rejoicing in the village. When the cavein occurred their death was regarded as certain, but on Thursday night the rescuers at work heard responses to their tapping.

When found the men were faint from lack of food and drink, but these instimulating quantities were supplied them, and they were this morning restored to their friends, hundreds of whom stood at the mine mouth.

He Protected The Indians.

Washihgton, October 1.—Information was received to-day of the arrest of Captain P. H. Ray, United States Army, Indian agent at the Shoshone agency, Wyoming on the charge of misbranding cattle with the intention of stealing them. At headquarters it was said that his arrest was probably the result of a conspiracy on the part of the white settlers because he would not allow their cattle to graze on Indian lands. Ten days ago Captain Ray informed the Indian bureau that he expected to be arrested and Commissioner Armstrong asked the department of justice to order a United States attorney to defend him in court.

This Looks Better.

Millville, N. J., October 2.—There is good prospect of a general resumption of the window glass industry in this vicinity. The firm operating the big plant at Alfeo, N. J., has signed the scale and will start up their works in a few days. Hires & Co., of Quinton, have fires under two eight-pot furnaces. They have signed the scale and blowing will begin in their factories next Thursday.

The big tank at the Cohansey Glass Works, Bridgeton, the largest in the East, will resume with a full force tomorrow, and More, Jones & More, of the same city will put one eight pot furnace in blast a few days later.

Corbett Won't Fight Until Next Summer.

Boston, Oct. 2.—James J. Corbett issued a statement to the public this evening in which he says that his contracts will prevent him from fighting any one before July 1 next. He says he will immediately post $10,000 with David Blanchard, of Boston, as a guarantee of good faith that he will meet all comers for one week after July 1 next. He declares that he will fight one man every night during that week and then retire permanently from the ring. He concludes by saying that he will fight Fitzsimmons first, and, after him, first come first served, no weight or color barred.

A Heavy Sentence.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., October 1.—Michael McCoolick, the Hungarian who was convicted of murder in the second degree on Thursday, was sentenced Saturday. Judge Rice said the evidence was sufficient to have convicted the man of murder in the first degree, and sentenced McCoolick to eighteen years solitary confinement in the Eastern penitentiary. This is the heaviest sentence for a second degree murder ever imposed in this country. McCoolick accidentally killed a child during a fight with a number of his countrymen.

Roasted Alive.

Kenosha, Wis, Oct. 1.—Four persons were roasted alive and two others badly burned at the farm residence of B. B. Pierce, in the town of Wilmot, Satuurday evening Mr. Pierce's family, consisting of his wife, three sons aged 25, 29 and 34 years and a daughter aged 18 years, were all asleep.

One of the young men first noticed the fire and leaped downstairs. He then returned to rouse the others of the family but perished with his brothers and sister. The father and mother escaped with severe burns.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS

—A dispatch from San Domingo says that half of that town was destroyed by the recent cyclone.

—Terrific wind storms are sweeping over Lake Superior and it is feared there will be many wrecks.

—Hasting's journey of lamentation has been so effective that the northern counties of the state are in tiers.

—John Mumbord, eccentric and wealthy is dead at Lebanon, Pa., aged 73. He wore one coat, patched in many colors, for over 20 years.

—Work on a limited scale has been resumed on the Panama canal. The resumption of work was marked by no evidence of enthusiasm.

—A two-minute wind and rain storm in Wichita, Kan., on Monday night totally demolished thirty houses and barns and uprooted 500 shade trees.

—The Spanish authorities have decided to send two warships to Lourenzo Marques, where rebellious natives are in armed opposition to the Portugnese authorities.

—The loss in the United States by fire the past year was $108,000,000. The number of fires was 35,178, and the amount the fire insurance companies were called upon to pay was $106,000,000.

—The body of M. L. Donnelly, of Independence, Kan., was found buried under a foot of earth near the Nishnabotna river in Nebraska. He had been robbed. L. H. Davidson, a companion is suspected.

—Since the enactment of the Geary aw New York Chinese have gone to Arizona from Mexico for the purpose of securing transportation to their native land at the expense of the United States government.

—On the evening of July 4 last, Christopher Ganster, a hotel keeper of Reading, Pa., sent off a rocket. In its flight it struck and fractured the arm of Miss Mary Trainer, aged 20. The latter brought suit and a jury awarded her $1,000.

—The rate of wages to be paid the miners of the Schuylkill region for the last half of September and the first half of October has been fixed at eight per cent. below the $2.50 basis. This is one per cent. better than the wages paid the preceding two months.

—Davit Wilt, brakeman on a Reech Creek train, met with an accident Wednesday night near Viaduct which proved fatal. He fell from his train, the wheels of the caboose running over him, cutting off his left leg below the knee. He was taken to the Philipsburg hospital where he died soon after.

—The famous Ferris wheel will soon be erected at Thirty-seventh street and Broadway, N. Y. The old Ferris Wheel company goes out of existence and a new company, composed of New York men, has been formed. During the World's fair the the wheel went around 10,000 times, and carried 2,000,000 passengers.

—Friday night some one entered the residence of Peter Highberger, at Hunker's station, Westmoreland county, and going to the sleeping apartments took about $40 in money and two watches. When the thief took his departure he dropped a watch and a ten dollar bill in the yard in front of the house, where they were found next morning.

—Four footpads stopped Ridgway Eckman, a farm hand, on his way from Trenton, N. J., to his home at Chesterfield, and stripped him from head to foot. They took everything he had and, including some candy he was carrying home to his little ones, and left him shivering in his spectacles. Then they clad him in the ragged loggery of one of their number and permitted him to go on his way.

—The general store of Lucas Brothers, at Howard, Centre county, was entered by burglars early Friday morning through a rear window, and the safe drilled and blown open with gun-powder. The safe was completely wrecked the whole front part of it being blown out. The thieves only secured a few pennies and nickels, as no money is kept in the safe. This is the seventh time the same store has been burglarized.

The Ebensburg Schools.

Following is the report of the Ebensburg schools for the month of September:

Room No. 1.

Attendance—Number enrolled—boys, 23; girls, 30; total 53. Average—boys, 21; girls, 28; total, 49.

Pupils who were present every day during month: Gertrude Mulvehill, Alberta Luther, Aline O'Hara, Mabel Jones, Mary Cassidy, Gertrude Isenburg, Gussie Owens, Anna Rodgers, Lola Daw, Ethel Weakland, Pauline Blair, Grace Gant, Maggie Davis, Katie Apel, Florence Apel, Marion Jones, Margaret Davis, Ralph Rodgers, Warren O'Hara, Wilfred Hunt, John Luther, Harry Peach, John Blair, Wilfred Blair, Kinkead Lloyd, Harrison Davis, Edwin Englehart, Walter McKay, Lloyd Evans, Gerald Cresswell and Frank Mulvehill.

Room No. 2

Attendance—Number enrolled—boys, 19; girls, 33; total, 52. Average—boys, 18; girls, 30; total, 48.

Class leaders—A class, Ethel Davis, Mildred Owens; B class, Gertrude Englehart.

Pupils who were present every day during month: Gertrude Englehart, Ethel Thomas, Carlotta Luttringer, Emma Tibbott, Bertha Makin, Alma James, Louise Blair, Margaret Yonna, Maggie Evans, June Roney, Tommie Cassidy, Byron Davis, Arthur Cresswell, Alfred Isenburg, Don Connell, Charlie Brown, Bennie Luttringer, Oscar Weakley, George Empfield, Ira Byrne, Frank Daw, Butler Williams, Willis Davis, Seedie Peach, Annie Tibbott, Lizzie James, Ethel Davis, Mildred Owens, Margaret Connell, Annie Hunt, Ruth Squires, Vera Williams, Fannie Thomas, Bessie Owens and Mabel Parrish.

Room No. 3.

Attendance—Number enrolled—boys, 24; girls, 13; total, 37. Average—boys, 23; girls, 12; total, 35.

Class leaders—A class, Eva Garman; B class, John Ferguson.

Pupils who were present every day during month: Lizzie Hunt, Martha Sipes, Rosie Crouse, Mabel Gant, Mildred Eberly, Eva Garman, Ella Tibbott, Dorothea Peach, Agnes Connell, Elmer Davis, Walter Myers, John Rees, Edwin Rees, Willie Traver, Harvey Rodgers, Ralph Davis, Alonzo Cresswell, Waldo Squires, Harvey Tibbott, Allan Barker, Clifford Ludwig, Dartie James, Albert Brown, Hugh Evans, Butler Good, Fearon Ludwig, John Ferguson, Earl Jones.

Room No 4.

Attendance—Number enrolled—boys, 25; girls, 23; total, 48. Average—boys, 24; girls, 19; total 43.

Class leaders—A class, Maud Folsom; B class, Lowell Barker.

Pupils who were present every day during month: Anna Donovan, Flora Williams, Clara Jones, Lowell Barker, Annie Huber, Sallie Young, Emma Traver, Mollie James, Maud Folsom, Minerva Folsom, Minerva Empfield, Clara Wheeler, Carl Englehart, Jessie Evans, Irvin Good, Eddie Shoemaker, Joseph Davis, Dannie Thomas, Bertie Connell, Walter Apel, Charles O'Hara, Bennett Weakley, Frank Gates, Marshall Owens, Tommie Evans and Jessie Davis.

Room No. 5

Attendance—Number enrolled—boys, 20; girls, 26 total, 46. Average—boys, 16; girls 24; total, 40.

Class leaders—A class, Minerva Ludwig; B class, David Ludwig.

Pupils who were present every day during month: Mary Connell, Minerva Huber, Ethel Shields, Florence Evans, Mamie Thompson, Lida Ludwig, Edith Barker, Evelina Parrish, Nina Evans, Mary Englehart, Blanche Gant, Pearl Kruis, June Davis, Sibbie Shields, Mary McCarty, Gertie Ferguson, Clifford Jones, Arthur Evans, Walter Jones, Huber Rhoda Ritter, David Ludwig, Alvie Evans, Henry Ludwig and Frank Kirschner.

Room No. 6.

Attendance—Number enrolled—boys, 19; girls, 22; total, 41. Average—boys, 18; girls, 18; total, 36.

Class leaders—A class, Ada Jones and Walter Perry; B class, Annie Tibbott; C class, Maggie Tibbott.

Pupils who were present every day during month: Carl McKenrick, Walter Perry, Eddie Jones, Harry Wilber, Charlie Evans, Ollie Davis, Edwin Craverr, Jesse Ferguson, Ralph Tibbott, Elmer Davis, Hernie Evans, Eddie Davison, Ollie Connell, Abner Lloyd, Davis Evans, Ada Jones, Mac Davis, Minnie Kirshner, Jennie Dinsmore, Bertha Ferguson, Eliza Jones, Annie McGreen, Nellie Davis, Annie Tibbott, Floy Stiles, Annie Owens, Jennie Empfield, Maggie Tibbott and Bessie Evans.

B. & B.

Plaids

They're fashionable as entire dresses or in combination with plain goods. Universally becoming to misses and children, and very few women but can wear them—none but can wear selections from this large and varied lot styles to suit every one.

All Wool Cheviot Plaids.
A dozen or more different styles—color mixtures equal to many of goods at three times the price—36 inches wide, *25 CENTS A YARD.*

Fine, All-Wool Suiting Plaids,
In silk bourette effect in newest brown, blue and green shades—specially suited for Children's Dresses and Cloaks—legitimate value $1.00 a yard—54 inches wide, to go at *60 CENTS.*

Fine, All-Wool Serge Plaids, Silk and Woolen Plaids.
And other high class Plaid materials, *65c., 75c., $1.00, $1.25 to $2.00,* that for genuine worth, beauty and style, can't be matched at prices.

New Camels' Hair Suitings.
Solid colored grounds flecked in harmonizing colors—red on green, gagenta on black, silver gray on brown, olive on wine, etc.—imported this season to sell at *$1.00 A YARD.*

——Importer reckoned without his host——
sold to us at our own terms, and now this fortunate deal is offered to you—42 inches wide at *50C. A YARD.*

New, All-Wool Dress Goods.
Beginning at 25c., advance in easy price steps—30c., 35c., 40c., 45c. to Finest Imported Novelties to $6.50, and will give you greatest range for selection in both variety and style as well as price.

Write our Mail Order for full line of samples—also send address for new Fall and Winter Catalogue, now ready.

BOGGS & BUHL,
Allegheny, Pa.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.
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JOHN PFISTER,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Hardware, Queensware,
MADE-UP CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
VEGETABLES IN SEASON,
HARNESS, ETC.,
OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,
CRESSON, PA.
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Reliability
The Most Reliable Whiskey on the Market
And Indorsed
By Physicians and used in Leading Hospitals, Hotels, Dining and Buffet Cars, are
Klein's Silver Age,
Duquesne,
Bear Creek,
Pennsylvania Rye
Whiskies.
Ask your dealer for them and take no substitute. For sale everywhere.
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1794. 1894.
Policies written at short notice in the
OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"
And other First Class Companies.
T. W. DICK,
AGENT FOR THE
OLD HARTFORD
FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.
COMMENCED BUSINESS
1794.
Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

To Investors.

WHY go away from home to seek investments when you can buy Pennsylvania First Mortgage Securities on the Cash or Monthly Payment plan and which will net you twenty per cent. on your money? For particulars call on or address H. A. ENGLEHART,
aug9.92 Ebensburg, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm; large profits, quick sales. SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Gen. Agt., 542 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR ALL THE NEWS, READ THE FREEMAN. $1.50 per year.

FROM THE
SHEEP TO THE MAN

Dutchess Trousers

Captured the medals at the World's Fair, 1893. Whatever is posture, style and ease are the same Always in shape at work in play.

WE KNOW WHAT THE TRADE DEMANDS AND MEET IT

The manufacturers authorize us to give with every pair this unheard of

WARRANTY:

You may buy a pair of Dutchess Wool Trousers at

$2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00

And wear them two months. For every suspender button comes off we pay you ten cents. If they rip at the waistband pay you fifty cents If they rip in the seat or elsewhere we you one dollar or give you a new pair.

Best in the World. Try a Pair

For Sale By:

MULLEN, the CLOTHIER

LILLY, PA.

FARMERS!

TAKE NOTICE

When you want GOOD FLOUR take your grain to the OLD SHENKLE MILL in Ebensburg. The

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG,
PROPRIETOR.

Men's Fall Clothing

FALL
SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

Cassimers, Cheviots, Clays, Homespuns, Diagonals, Serge Twills, Tweeds, Flannels

All the new shapes of Sacks, Cataways, Regents and Prince Alberts. A perfect fit and reliable workmanship.

$7, $9, $10, $15 and $18.

Children's Suits, 4 to 14, 75c., 90c., $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00.

A Grand Exhibit of Boys' Clothing—new and lovely styles for Fall. Buy your own and your Children's Hats of us. We guarantee you a positive saving of 25 per cent.

JOHN McCONNELL
1300 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Pa.

FALL AND WINTER
CLOTHING

LARGEST STOCK! FINEST GOODS! LOWEST PRICES!
IN CAMBRIA COUNTY!

Our new Fall Stock will surprise all who see it by the extensive variety it offers in every line of goods which we carry. We can sell you fine Overcoats and Clothing at prices much lower than ever before. We have all the new styles in Hats. Our stock of Winter Underwear and Gents' Furnishings is immense.

It will pay you to come twenty-five miles to buy Clothing from us. Call and examine our goods and you will be convinced we can save you money.

C. A. SHARBAUGH,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

Park Institute

2d NORTH AVENUE, ALLEGHENY, PA. Established as part of the Western University of Pa. The most Complete and Best Equipped English Commercial, and Short-hand School in the country. Students of both sexes admitted at any time. The latest Catalogue and Journal containing full information sent free to any address.
W. D. BOWAN, Secretary. sep28.4 LEVI LUDDEN, Ph. D., Principal

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - OCTOBER 5, 1894.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

A ——— has been appointed postmaster at Wedgwood.

R. B. Myers, Esq., of this place, spent Sunday in Pittsburg.

Thomas Mitchell, of Conemaugh, has secured a pension.

The name of Angora postoffice in Indiana county, has been changed to Nipton.

Mr. Lenox Shields is attending Iron College, Pittsburg, for another term.

The Carrolltown fair held last week was a success every way, financially and otherwise.

The Ebensburg Coal and Coke Company, last week, shipped 64 cars of coal in two days.

Mr. Benjamin, of Vintondale, was injured last Saturday by a mine car running over his foot.

Mrs. Annie Fry, of Portage township, died very suddenly on Thursday and Friday of last week.

Mr. Ellsworth, of Blacklick township, lost a number of sheep from this place during the week.

Don't forget to vote at the coming election, and that next Saturday is the last day for paying taxes.

Mr. Peter Myers, of this place, has been granted a pension. Silas was a good fellow to get it.

Mrs. William Mahaffy died at her home in Carrolltown on Wednesday, October 3, aged 57 years.

Mr. J. Sagus, one of Clearfield county's citizens spent a few days in Ebensburg on Tuesday.

Mr. Lloyd, of Johnstown, Democratic candidate for poor director, was a caller at this office on Tuesday.

Work on the erection of the new bridge at Wilmore has been commenced by the Massillon Bridge Co., of Massillon, O.

Mr. Reuben Storms, of Clearfield county, was in town on Wednesday, having been summoned to his threshing machine.

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—Now that the time will soon come to hand for setting up stoves it will be interesting for housewives to know that the mica or isinglass lights in stove doors, if soiled from smoke, may be made bright and equal to new by cleaning with salt mixed with vinegar.

—The registration of voters of Fayette county has closed and the books show about 1,000 more voters in the county than ever before, the total being 19,303. The increase is due to the importation of the colored men into the coke region and the naturalization of foreigners.

—Last Saturday afternoon, while W. R. Simpson, a Mt. Pleasant hotel proprietor, was taking some money from the till, a man named Shauffer reached over his shoulder and grabbed a handful of cash. He then made a dash for liberty but was captured and locked up.

—Ruben DeHaven, who was struck by by an engine at Lilly one day last week and reported to have been cut in two, it seems escaped being fatally hurt. He was struck and thrown from the track and was supposed by some of the passengers who witnessed the accident to have been killed but they were mistaken.

—William Armstrong, a brakeman on the Beech Creek railroad, had his left arm caught between the bumpers while coupling cars at the Reilly mines, near Patton, on Thursday of last week, and had the member broken below the elbow. He was taken to Patton where Dr. Worrell gave him the necessary medical attention.

—The Italian who was arrested a couple of weeks ago charged with committing an assault and battery with intent to commit rape on Miss Pearl Bush, of Blacklick township, had a hearing on Thursday of last week before 'Squire Jones, of this place, and was positively identified by Miss Bush. He was committed to jail to await trial.

—A horrifying accident befel a little child of Mr. and Mrs. John Carlo, of Mammoth, on Wednesday afternoon. The little one was missed about 3 o'clock, and after an hour's search was discovered in the water closet vault dead, having smothered to death. The mother is almost crazed over the fate of her child and refuses to be comforted.

—James McCullough, aged thirty years, of Pine Creek township, Jefferson county, committed suicide Monday night by taking poison. He had been drinking hard for several days. When he went home he informed his wife that he was doing to kill himself, and immediately put the threat into execution, dying before a physician could be summoned.

—Grant Woods, a citizen of Johnstown, on Tuesday last while out in the country gathering chestnuts, fell from a tree to the ground, a distance of thirty feet. He was picked up unconscious and remained so for several hours, but the doctors finally succeeded in bringing him to. Besides being badly shaken up, he has three ribs broken and a wrenched back.

—On Wednesday night of last week a dwelling owned by Miles Wrigley and occupied by Bruce S. Langhill, in Mahaffey, caught fire while the latter and his family were at church, and together with its contents was burned to the ground. Besides the clothing and furniture, $140 in money in a trunk on the second floor was consumed by the flames.

—Joseph Lomas, a Hungarian by birth, who resides at Kittanning Point, while walking on the railroad track near Glen White was struck by a car, knocked down and had his right arm crushed by the wheels on Wednesday. He was taken to the Altoona hospital, where the doctors amputated his arm. He is 20 years of age and single.

—Mr. John Ricketts, of Reade township, spent a short time in town on Wednesday evening and Thursday morning. Mr. Ricketts is one of the Democratic nominees for assembly, and his plain, honest manners captivate all whom he meets, as they show he is a man of the people, and one whose heart will be with the people if he is sent to Harrisburg.—*Hastings Tribune.*

—Attorney-General Hensel has instructed Superintendent of Public Instruction Schaeffer that school boards issuing bonds containing the words "free from all taxation," are required to pay tax on the bonds. He says this form of bond establishes a contract between the board and the owner of the bonds to relieve him of any tax on them, and that the board is liable for the state tax.

—The Democrats of Lilly, had a large and rattling Democratic meeting on Wednesday evening, held under the auspices of the new Democratic club. Dr. A. B. Krebs was chosen chairman; Caron Leahey, Esq., vice president, and Fletcher C. George, secretary. The meeting was addressed by Thomas J. Burke, of Altoona, candidate for congress; J. F. McKenrick, Esq., of Ebensburg; Hon. L. D. Woodruff, Robert E. Cresswell, Esq., and T. J. Itel, Esq., of Johnstown.

—On Wednesday forenoon Mrs. Cornelia Porter, of this place, took her brother, Mr. Randolph Myers, who has been an invalid for several years, out for a drive. On their return, when Mr. Myers was being assisted out of the buggy, the horse started, and one of his legs got between the spokes of the wheel of the buggy, and before the horse could be stopped, one of the bones in his ankle was broken. Mr. Myers has been sick for several years and this additional misfortune is a severe one.

—Adam Volenberg and Michael Molzin, two miners, while at work in the Mill mine at Johnstown, were caught under a fall of coal, the former killed while the latter escaped with a few slight bruises. Molzin was working near a car at the time the accident happened and when the crushing mass fell the car held the weight from him and saved him from the fate of his companion. The deceased was a widower aged forty-five and had been in this country only a few months. He leaves six children in Germany.

—Mr. Samuel Brallier, a well-known citizen of Jackson township, died at his home on Monday evening, aged 72 years. The deceased was born near Morrison's Cove, Bedford county, September 2nd, 1822, and removed with his parents to Blacklick township, this county, in 1838, where he continued to reside until about twenty-five years ago, when he purchased a farm in Jackson township. The deceased was twice married and is survived by a widow and ten children, eight by his first wife and two by his second.

—A newly discovered pest is ravaging the apple and pear orchards of Pennsylvania. Through its work the annual crops will be reduced one-third. Its work resembles that of the locust family and in three years will ruin an entire orchard. The pest is a small horn beetle of the same family that destroys the pine trees in the northern belt of Virginia, and the only way to prevent its ravages is to trim off the branches from three to six inches beyond the track of the insect until healthy wood is reached. Burn the affected branches.

—Miss Cora Stickler, a well-known young resident of Milton, was horribly, perhaps fatally, burned the other evening. She had gone into the basement of her mother's store with a kerosene lamp in her hand. In some unaccountable manner her clothing became ignited. John Sungar, a neighbor, heard her screams and hastening to her aid found her in flames, which he succeeded in extinguishing after a heroic fight. The upper part of her body was not burned, but her arms and limbs are horribly scarred and it is feared she cannot recover.

—The citizens of Patton will again vote on the question of issuing $10,000 of school bonds for the purpose of paying for the school building recently built in that town. The Patton people voted on the question at the last spring election when the proposition was carried by a vote of 204 to 55, but several informalities in the submission of the question make it necessary to again vote upon it, which will be done at the general election.

—Wheat sold in Chicago market on last Friday for 50 cents, the lowest mark ever reached. This is hard on the producer, but we assume the consumer will not feel angered at the market price. As the latter can be country by the millions and the former only by the hundreds, there will hardly be any bread riots in this country this year. The wheat market like the silver market is over-stocked, hence the wonderful decline in values.

—Quite a grist was run out of the naturalization mill on Monday. Seventeen residents of Gallitzin, Cambria county, former subjects of England, Germany, Denmark and the Swiss republic, were admitted to the privileges of American citizenship. His honor said that he did not countenance the practice of Cambria county residents coming into Blair county to be naturalized, but would permit the Gallitzin applicants to take out their papers on the grounds of the greater convenience to them of appearing at Hollidaysburg instead of Ebensburg.—*Altoona Times.*

—Some one who wants to explain what editorial "we" signifies says it has a variety of meanings, varied to suit the circumstances. For an example: When you read that "we expect our wife home today," we refer to the editor-in-chief; when it is "we are a little late with our work," it includes the whole office force, even to the devil and towel; in "we are having a boom," the town is meant; "we received over 700,000 last year," it embraces the nation; but "we have hog cholera in our midst," only means the man who takes the paper and does not pay for it is very ill.

—A shooting affray occurred on Thursday afternoon of last week at Kittanning Point, where a force of men are employed in making a new reservoir. A colored man named Alexander Johnson has a shanty there, and when he came home from work he found it occupied by Jim Moden, Nora Johnson and Reese Norse. Johnson was jealous of Moden, who was paying attention to his wife, and an altercation ensued in the shanty, which ended by Moden drawing a revolver and shooting at Johnson five times, one of the shots taking effect in the back. The wound is not believed to be fatal. Moden fled.

—Jacob Nolan, of Fourteenth ward, Johnstown, returned home on Saturday after spending a month as an involuntary guest of Warden Young, in jail. In an interview with a Johnstown reporter Jacob states that he is not pleased with the management of the jail; there are no printed bills of fare to order from, no napkins furnished, vermin are plentiful, grub scarce, and for a man like Jacob, who, as he says, is a Republican of twenty years' standing, there is too much essence in the coffee. Jacob says he is now done voting the Republican ticket, and for that much he should be thankful. Some men from reading, thinking and new intelligence, abandon the Republican party, but there are a vast number, who, like Jacob, could be benefitted by a month in jail.

To Extend the Beech Creek.

The Vanderbilt interests are going to extend a line from the Beech Creek railroad terminus at Mahaffey to connect with an extension of the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg at the same point in Indiana county. The Du Bois *Courier* is authority for this statement, and says further that for two or three days past Du Bois has been visited by various interested railroad officials from the east and north, and yesterday they assembled again. In the afternoon there were standing in the B., R. & P. yard the officials' car of the Fall Brook road, the officials' car of the Beech Creek and the officials' car of the B., R. & P., which had brought out here General Magee and G. R. Brown, president and general manager of the Fall Brook and other officials of the line; General Manager Layng and Superintendent Palmer, of the Beech Creek, with others, and President A. G. Yates, Superintendent Matthews and George E. Merchant, assistant to the president, Chief Engineer Hoyt, General Patton, A. E. Patton, Hon. S. B. Elliott, and others of the B., R. & P. They congregated at Du Bois for the purpose of advancing the plans for building and did not hesitate to discuss openly the fact that construction had been decided upon and would be put through with not a little of the vigor which is a characteristic of the combination that has been building up the system competing with the Pennsylvania in the central and western part of the state.

The construction of the proposed extension will make the Beech Creek a great trunk line and a short route through the state from Pittsburg to the sea board.—*Lock Haven Express.*

Rev. Jones' Lecture.

The lecture last evening in the G. A. R. Hall by Rev. E. Mona Jones on "Handel, the Musician," was an able and scholarly effort. The speaker reviewed at length the life and works of the great composer in such a manner as to thoroughly delight his audience. He was heard with closest attention for an hour and a half and heartily applauded.—*The Press, Utica, N. Y.*

One of the most entertaining and instructive lectures we have recently had the pleasure of listening to was given last evening at the Baptist church by Rev. E. Mona Jones. His subject was "Handel the Musician." It was a most eloquent effort on the part of the orator and the audience enjoyed every word.—*Edmeston Local, New York.*

At the Baptist church, Ebensburg, on Tuesday evening, October 9th. Doors open at 7:30; lecture at 8. Admittance, 25 cents; children, 15 cents.

A New Coke Process.

The Cambria Iron Company will soon commence the erection of retort ovens at Johnstown to manufacture coke under the Otto-Hoffman process, the patents for which were recently purchased by the Otto Coke and Chemical Company, the Cambria Iron Company being the principal party in the new company. According to the statements of a leading member of the Cambria Company, coal from ther mines near Conemaugh was shipped to Germany, where it was found that it made the best brand of coke when handled by the Hoffman process.

The experiment was in operation at the time of the death of James J. Fronheiser, in Germany, who was there superintending it. After a little delay the experiments were continued, and Attorney Cyrus Elder has just returned from Germany, having completed the purchase of all the patents of the new process for the United States and Canada. This system will revolutionize coke-making, as it gives a very high grade of meterallurgical fuel from inferior coals.

A Decision Affecting Brewers.

The Altoona *Tribune* of Monday says: C. W. Mellor and L. P. Stich, the Altoona agents of the Columbus Brewing Company, of Ohio, who were returned by the Constable of the Second ward for selling liquor to several landlords in the city without license, must stand trial for that offense in the county court. Such was the tenor of the decree filed by Judge Bell on Saturday on motion to quash the indictment because no preliminary hearing had been granted the accused.

Communication.

Ebensburg, Pa., Oct. 3, 1894.

ED. FREEMAN:—I have been requested to hand to you for publication the names of the present survivors of Company D, 2nd Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, in the war with Mexico. Also the song composed to the memory of the son of that great statesman, Henry Clay. Also songs composed by the late judge of Cambria county, Hon. R. L. Johnston, now deceased, on our departure and return from Mexico.

It is also requested that the same be copied by the rest of the papers of the county.

Yours truly,
JOHN A. BLAIR.

The following is a list of the present survivors of the Mexican war, Company D, 2nd Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers:

John A. Blair, Ebensburg, Pa.
Joshua D. Parrish, Ebensburg, Pa.
Evan D. Evans, Ebensburg, Pa.
Francis Byrne, Carrolltown, Pa.
Robert Litzinger, Johnstown, Pa.
Richard J. Crozier, Altoona, Pa.
Francis McDermott, Altoona, Pa.
Jno. B. Hoover, McKean county, Pa.
Wm. Hood, Blairsville, Pa.
John G. Given, Grand Island, Neb.
Wm. Bruce, Iowa.
Benj. F. Davis, Mankato, Minn.
Dennis Litzinger, Grafton, Va.

Lines written to the memory of the son of Henry Clay:

On Buena Vista's bloody field, a dying soldier lay,
His thoughts were of his mountain home, some thousand miles away.
He called his comrades to his side, for much had he to say
In briefest time to those that were some thousand miles away.
Tell my father, comrades, about this bloody fray,
My country's standard, say to him, was safe with me to-day;
We've made a pillow of it now on which to lay my head,
A winding sheet you'll make of it when I'm numbered with the dead.
I know it will grieve his inmost soul to think that never more
I'll sit with him beneath the oak that shades his cottage door;
But tell the time-worn patriot, remindful of his fame,
That on this bloody battle-field I suffered not his name.
My mother's form is with me now—her wail is in my ears,
And drop by drop as flows my blood, so flows from her the tears;
Oh! When thou that you shall tell to her the tidings of this day.
Speak gently, Comrade, gently speak, what you may have to say.
Speak not to her in hurried words, the blighting news you bear—
The cord of life might snap too soon—so Comrade, have a care;
I am her only cherished child, but tell her that I died
Rejoicing that she taught me young to take my country's side.
But Comrades, there is one I fain once more to look upon,
She lives upon the sloping hills that overlook the lawn—
The lawn where I shall never more in springtime's pleasant hours
Go forth with her in merry mood to gather woodland flowers.
Tell her when death was on my brow, and life receding fast,
Her face, her form, her parting words, were with me to the last;
On Buena Vista's bloody field, tell her I dying lay,
And that I knew she thought of me some thousand miles away.

[The songs by the late Judge Johnston, referred to in Mr. Blair's letter, will be published next week.]

Real Estate Transfers.

Chest Creek Land & Improvement Company to Mary Pryzogoda, Patton; consideration, $150.

T. R. Davis et al. to Ebensburg & Blacklick R. R. Co., Jackson and Blacklick, $1.

Mrs. Philomena Simendinger et al. to Michael Ruffing, Portage, $100.

Elizabeth Jones et vir. to Adam Lentz, Ebensburg, $175.

John Betsaw to Annie Betsaw, Cresson township, $1.

James P. Thomas et ux. to John Thomas, Johnstown, $3,000.

Adam Myers et ux. to Albert Wolford, Washington, $125.

Annie B. Miller et vir. to William A. Commer, Roxbury, $500.

Charles Huber to Sarbature Moutuano, Hastings, $50.

Felix Toole to Michael Ruffing, Portage, $200.

Felix Toole to Thomas Burkey, Portage, $150.

Ambrose Weaklen et ux. to T. S. Kirkpatrick, Carroll, $324.

Peter P. George to Annie George, Washington, $25.

Daniel F. Delaney to W. W. Amsbry Gallitzin township, $1.

Richard J. Free et ux. to W. W. Amsbry, Gallitzin township, $1.

D. S. McAnulty et ux. to Zider Patrick, Barnesboro, $55.

D. S. McAnulty et ux. to Joseph Christoff, Barnesboro, $175.

D. S. McAnulty et ux. to Joseph Tugya, Barnesboro, $75.

Stephen Stutzman et ux. to John E. Strayer, Taylor, $10.

Philomena Simendinger et al. to Thomas Burkey, Portage, $75.

Charles Kane to William Parker, Carroll, $11,003.

William J. McCombie to William Parker, Carroll, $3,711.

Jacob Hoover to Maggie Hoover, Coopersdale, $300.

Henry Kraft et ux. to F. W. Clark, assignee, Stonycreek, $1.

Cambria Iron Company to Rebecca Campbell, East Conemaugh, $350.

William L. Thompson et ux. to Ellen A. Alters, Morrellville, $2,300.

George Habicht to Fritz Hecker, Lower Yoder, $225.

Death Came to a Dance.

Frederick Dodds, about 34 years old, a coal miner, was shot and killed on Saturday night by John Stalnecker, a bricklayer. The shooting occurred at a dance at the Gross place, two miles west of Greensburg. The dance was given by Stalnecker and four brothers named Kelly. There was a supply of whiskey and beer, and for 50 cents, paid upon entering the house, all privileges were granted.

About 10 o'clock Dodds and a party of friends arrived, and a dispute arose as to the payment of the admission fee. Two or three "knock-downs" resulted, and then the report of a revolver scattered the combatants. Dodds was found lying on the floor with a bullet wound in his right side. He died 15 minutes afterward.

Stalnecker, who claims he was drunk and has no remembrance of the shooting, after the flash from the revolver, rushed from the house, jumped over a high pailing fence and went home. He was found there on Sunday morning with a sprained ankle and a badly battered face. He was taken to jail. The Kellys, Homer, John, George and Harry, were also arrested and committed to jail as accesories to the killing. Stalnecker is about 23 years old.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, October 4, 1894:

Harry D. Hoover, Portage, and Mary Ake, Summerhill.

Francis Leonard and Lena Clement, Portage township.

Joseph Barron, Sheridan and Emma Goughnour, Conemaugh.

Frank Wega and Theresa Linhardt, Sonman.

Jacob B. Nagel and Katie Schad, Johnstown.

Thomas Jenkins and Lenora Williams, Johnstown.

Scott W. Roberts, Summerhill township, and Jane A. Roberts, Cambria township.

Almost a New York Daily.

That Democratic wonder, the New York *Weekly World*, has just changed its weekly into a twice-a-week paper, and you can get the two papers a week for the same old price—$1.00 a year.

Think of it! The news from New York right at your door fresh every three days—104 papers a year.

Exposition at Pittsburg. Excursion Tickets via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the industrial Exposition at Pittsburg the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell, on October 4, 10 and 18, excursion tickets from stations on the Pittsburg division between Pittsburg and Conemaugh, and from stations on the Southwest Pennsylvania division to Pittsburg and return, at half fare, with price of admission to the exposition added.

These tickets will be good going on any regular train leaving stations at or before noon on the day of issue, and will be good for return passage until the following day inclusive.

The art display at the Exposition will be increased, and, in addition to many other interesting features on the program, music will be furnished by the celebrated Innes band of sixty pieces.

Miscellaneous Notices.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE. A lot of ground in the East ward of Ebensburg, 66 by 264 feet, in desirable location, having a two-storied frame house, 9 rooms and basement, in excellent repair. Will be sold cheap and on reasonable terms. M. D. KITTELL.
Ebensburg, Pa., August 10 tf

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in October, $1,000.00. THOS. DAVIS,
LESTER LAHMER, Secretary. President.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect May 27, 1894.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days	6 30 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days	9 25 a m
Day Express, daily	11 04 a m
Altoona Express, daily	1 00 p m
Mail Express, daily	5 17 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily	8 12 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 14 a m
Pacific Express, daily	8 37 a m
Way Passenger week days	2 56 p m
Mail Train, week days	4 26 p m
Fast Line, daily	8 58 p m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 54 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

Trains leaves as follows: 7.20, 10.20 a. m., and 3.30 p. m. and arrive at Cresson at 7.57, 10.55 a. m. and 4.05 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.30, 11.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m., and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.08 a. m. and 12.15 and 6.05 p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and 2.40 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 4 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.35 a. m. and 5.25 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 10.55 a. m. and 6.45 p. m.

For rates maps, etc., call on agent or address THOS. E. WATT, P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Manager.

ASK YOUR HORSESHOER FOR THE NEVERSLIP THE ONLY SHOE FOR WINTER USE.

It ABSOLUTELY prevents slipping, and insures perfect safety and comfort to horse and driver.

Shod with the "Neverslip," your horse's feet are always in good condition—kept so by not having to constantly remove the shoes for sharpening.

The CALKS are REMOVABLE,

Steel-Centered and SELF-SHARPENING

When worn out new Calks can be easily inserted without removing shoes, saving an immense amount of time usually lost at the blacksmith shop.

On receipt of postal will mail free our descriptive circular containing prices of Calked Shoes, ready to be nailed on, for trial, offered this winter at very low prices.

$40.00 PER WEEK FOR WILLING WORKERS

of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.

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Box 880,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

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Shaving Parlor,
Main Street, Near Post Office

☞The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving par or on Main street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean.
Your patronage solicited.
F. X. FEES.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency,
T. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agent,
EBENSBURG, PA.

Duff's is the best BUSINESS COLLEGE in America for obtaining a broad-winning education. For circulars address
P. DUFF & SONS, PITTSBURG, PA.

GINSENG
WANTED BY
SAM'L WELLS & CO.,
67 VINE ST., CINCINNATI, O.
LARGEST EXPORTERS OF GINSENG IN THE U. S.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Estate of William Garrett, deceased. Letters of administration on the estate of William Garrett, deceased, late of Munster township, Cambria county, Pa., having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
GEORGE W. GARRETT,
Munster, Pa., Sept. 7, 1894.X Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Estate of Joseph Criste, deceased. Letters of Administration on the estate of Joseph Criste, deceased, late of Cresson township, in Cambria county, Pa., having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JOHN G. CRISTE,
Administrator.
2703½ Market street, Allegheny City, Pa.X

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, hereby all persons not to hunt, fish or trespass in any way on our premises, as we will prosecute to the full extent of the law.
H. B NOEL,
JOHN BERE,
ALEXIUS WILL,
J. A. GLASS,
A. J. M'MULLEN,
HUGH M'NEELIS.
Clearfield township, March 9, 1894.

CANCER and Tumors CURED: no knife. Book free. Drs. GRATIGNY & BOHL, 153 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

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BEYOND BELIEF!
A Hard-Times Benefit Irresistible in Force!
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BELOW WE QUOTE PRICES ON A FEW of our Many Big Bargains:

Dark wash calicoes.....5c. per yard
Blue prints....6c. per yard, former price 8c
Crash.....5c. per yard
Dress ginghams, all patterns.....8c.

Lancaster : Ginghams
at 6 Cents.

Muslin, full yard wide, for.....5c. per yard
Outing cloth, all patterns, at...8c. and 10c.
Carpet chain, 5-ply, all colors.....20c.
Ladies' vests, very fancy, at.....10c
All the LATEST NOVELTIES IN TRIMMINGS at close figures.
☞Special sale in LACE AND EMBROIDERIES from 2c. per yard up.

Clothing and Gents' Furnishings.

Our stock of clothing was never as complete as now. Any kind of cut or pattern you want.
Men's suits in sack only for.....$3.50
Better suits in any cut from.....$5.00 up
Youth's 3-piece suits from.....$2.00 up
Children's 2-piece suits from.....75c. up
Children's knee pants for.....15c

IN - GENTS' - FURNISHINGS
We Excell Many Larger Establishments.

Fancy laundried shirts with collar attached for.....99c
Latest style fancy laundried shirts with two collars for.....99c
Window blinds (in two colors only) with patent spring for only.....19c
Curtain poles complete for.....20c

Wall Paper--A Specialty--Wall Paper

☞Furniture, Trunks and Valises must go to make room.

Kitchen chairs, light or dark, for $2.75 per set.
Solid hardwood bedroom suit, eight pieces, for only.....$21.00
Cupboards, sinks, sideboards and lounges at very low prices.
☞These goods are all new and first grade work on them.

Special Drive
in Shoes.

☞Here is my guarantee:

IF SHOES DON'T WEAR SATISFACTORILY, I WILL GIVE A NEW PAIR FREE.

P. S.—Shoes that I sell wear out.
Ladies' dongola tip, spring heel butt, opera or congress.....$1.25—are worth $2.00
Ladies' dongola, opera, button, $1.00—are worth $1.75.

WE CAN
START YOU
—IN—
HOUSEKEEPING
—AT—
ANY FIGURE
FROM
$20 to $2,000.

Russet, button or lace—a few left.....$1.50—are worth $2.50.
Ladies' dongola tip Blucher.....$2.50—are worth $3.00.
Ladies' Oxford tie in Russet, patent leather and dongola, all shapes and styles.....75c. and up

Ladies' Slippers, 50c.
AND UPWARDS.

Children's spring heel, button, sizes 5 to 8.....50c
Infants' shoes from.....25c up
A very stylish shoe for men, congress or lace.....$1.25—are worth $2.00
A so'id leather working shoe for wear, no shoddy.....99c. a pair
If you want a nice dress shoe Satin calf, congress or lace.....$1.75—they are worth $3.00.
Men's stylish tip Blucher calf.....$2.50—are worth $4.00.

Men's Fine Concordan
Lace, Hand-sewed, for $3.00—they are worth $5.00.

Men's
Extra Fine Kangaroo
Lace or Congress, $2.50.

WE MAKE
A LEADER
on a hand-sewed Kangaroo, lace or congress, for
$3.25.

You cannot duplicate this shoe in any other store for less than
$6.00.

☞Give us a call for Shoes and you will be convinced that we carry the Best Line in town for Wear, Style and Low Prices.
Yours,

H. ORTH,
THE LEADER.

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Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

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Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

A. E. PATTON, President. WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.

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THAT MOVES THE MARKET!

Has enabled us to purchase at our own price a full line of seasonable Dry Goods in Dress Goods, Sattines, Dress Ginghams, Lawns, Challies, and all the new things in

Wash Goods, Lace Trimmings,

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and Underwear. Full stocks to choose from in all Departments and at Low Cash Prices. Full stock of Groceries, Flour and Feed at all times. We handle Plain Meat all through the summer at low prices. When in town call and see us, where you will be treated right and where your Dollar will go further than elsewhere.

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IT WILL PAY YOU

To go to QUINN'S, Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and FREIGHT PAID on All Large Packages.

JAMES QUINN.

REDUCTION IN
OUTWARD : STEERAGE!
TICKETS TO QUEENSTOWN, $14.

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NINETY-FOURTH YEAR opens Sept. 12. Fully equipped for college work. Elective courses adapted to prepare for study of the learned professions. Laboratories for Chemistry, Mineralogy and Biology. New Observatory. Athletic Field and new Gymnasium with Medical Director. Expenses very moderate. Alumni 3654. Address, THE PRESIDENT, Washington, Pa. (au

AN IMPRESSIVE TRAIT.

A Queer Man Who Made a Friend by Respect for His Mother.

During my bohemian days it occurred that I sat in an uptown cafe with the sort of a man whom this incident will reveal, says a writer in the New York Press.

A wild-looking, unkempt chap, gaunt, shabby, with a four days' growth of beard, rushed in, looked wildly around and then hurried over to my companion and took him aside. As a result of their conversation the man with me turned to me and said in a whisper:

"I am going to ask you to loan me two dollars, but don't you do it."

Then he asked me and I refused the loan, and the gaunt man went unsteadily out.

"Queer duck, that," said the man at the table with me; "always getting into scrapes, taking out opera companies and leaving them stranded. The last scrape he got into was in Montreal. He telegraphed home: 'I am in jail on a technicality, but don't tell mother.' That struck me as very funny. 'Don't tell mother.' But he was always an ill-balanced ass, anyway."

Now the thoughtfulness of his mother in the young man who wanted to borrow two dollars struck me as a rather deserving trait, and I left my companion abruptly and followed him out. I saw enough of him to convince me that he was not a man of business, and not even an admirable character. However, I loaned him the two dollars. Since then he has been considerably in the public view in many ups and downs. But he is now coming home from the other side as the impresario of a lot of continental stars. I wish him well. Like Mark Twain I love a man who never shakes his mother. This one's name is Robert Grau.

AMERICAN RICE PAPER.

The Chinese Tree Is Now Successfully Grown in Florida.

The rice paper tree, one of the most interesting of the flora of China, has recently been successfully experimented with in Florida, where it now flourishes with other subtropical and Oriental species of trees and shrubs. When first transplanted in American soil the experimenters expressed doubts as to its hardiness, fearing that it would be unable to stand the winters. All these fears have vanished, however, and it is now the universal opinion that it is as well adapted to the climate of this country as to that of the famed Flowery Kingdom.

It is a small tree, growing to a height of less than fifteen feet, with a trunk or stem from three to five inches in diameter. Its canes, which vary in color according to season, are large, soft and downy, the form somewhat resembling that noticed in those of the castor bean plant. The celebrated rice paper, the product of this queer tree, is formed of thin slices of the pith, which is taken from the body of the tree in beautiful cylinders several inches in length.

The Chinese workmen apply the blade of a sharp, straight knife to these cylinders, says the St. Louis Republic, and, turning them round either by rude machinery or by hand, dexterously pare the pith from circumference to center. This operation makes a roll of extra quality paper, the scroll being of equal thickness throughout. After a cylinder has thus been pared it is unrolled and weights are placed upon it until the surface is rendered uniformly smooth throughout its entire length.

It is altogether probable that if rice paper making becomes an industry in the United States these primitive modes will be done away with.

HE HAD FOUND IT.

And Knew Just Exactly How Machine Poetry Was Ground Out.

The young man and the young woman from half a mile beyond the timber line came hesitatingly into the office, and the young man inquired if they could look 'round a bit and see how a newspaper was made. Of course, permission was granted at once, and a guide was furnished to do the honors. They went everywhere, and, on the principle of saving the best till the last, they wound up in the editorial rooms.

About the first thing that attracted their attention in that department was a smooth-looking young fellow busily at work on a typewriter. The young man left his fair companion in the hands of the guide and sidled over to the writer. He had no idea what it was, but in a minute or two he noticed the written page as it slowly emerged from the roller, and he beckoned hastily for the girl to come over, says the Detroit Free Press.

"I say, Maria," he said, as he caught her by the arm and dragged her closer, "look at that, will you?"

"What is it?" she asked.

"You've heard tell of the machine poetry they have in the newspapers, haven't you?"

She nodded.

"Well," he explained, "that's what they make it on. You watch the young feller awhile and see how fast he can turn it out," and they stood by the busy writer so long that it almost gave him a conniption fit, and then broke him all up by asking him if he couldn't give them a sample to take home with them.

HIS FRESH OLIVES.

How a California Planter Amuses Himself at the Expense of Innocent Travelers.

Eastern visitors to California are always much interested in the olive plantations which in recent years have become a feature of the most southerly counties of the state. The lovers of the succulent fruit when pickled and bottled for sale in the east and north are always anxious to taste the olive fresh and ripe. There is a popular impression that it is sweet and delicious, but, like many other popular impressions, this is a delusion and a snare.

A few miles south of San Diego, says the New York Herald, where the railroad makes a junction with a small one track road leading into Mexico, a large planter has taken advantage of this delusion for his own amusement. On the arrival of each train from the north numerous travelers dismount to await the starting of the train across the Mexican border. For their benefit the planter has nailed a box outside of his fence just across the way from the railroad station which he keeps filled with nice, ripe olives. A placard invites victims in these words:

FINE, FRESH, RIPE OLIVES,
FREE.
HELP YOURSELF.

Of course there is a rush from the station as soon as the box and its contents are discovered, and swarms of innocents seize the pretty fruit and dig their teeth into it. Then there is a combined howl and a great deal of expectoration and disgust, for the delusive fruit are nearly as puckery as persimmons.

And the planter? Oh, he takes his fun from a partly hidden summer house within his grounds, where he occasionally seats himself to enjoy the spectacle. It is a sure cure for the blues, he says.

—Mme. Bidi-Radya-Koulnbouarow, the first Mohammedan woman to pass the examinations and receive a diploma as doctor of medicine, has been appointed by the Russian government as principal medical officer of the town of Kassiman.

never wants to learn, but the

WISE MAN

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is the best that is made, and at ONCE tries it, and saves money and secures more satisfaction than ever before. AVOID imitations. Insist on having the genuine. If your dealer hasn't it ask him to get it for you.
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An elegant English pharmaceutic preparation for bilious, malarial and blood troubles; the result of over twenty-five years of most eminent scientific research.
Approved by the highest medical authorities in use in the hospitals in every part of Europe. Especially helpful to ladies, children and people of sedentary habits.
Entirely vegetable; free from harmful drugs.
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Same medicinal properties as ROYAL ELIXIR, in boxes, 30 pills to box, for 25 cents.
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VINEGAR BITTERS

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Morgan Saddle, $7.50 Cut's to Free
We Cut the PRICES and Outsell ALL competitors. Buy of factory and save Middleman's profits.
U. S. BUGGY & CART CO.
2 to 18 Lawrence St., Cincinnati, O.

ACID FOR MAKING SUGAR.

A Curious Process Which Has Met with Some Success in France.

A very novel method of making sugar has been patented in France by M. Pellegrini, says the American Architect. Sugar is, chemically, a compound of carbon, oxygen and hydrogen, in such proportions that if carbonic acid, water and certain kinds of illuminating gas could be persuaded to unite, in the proper quantities, the composition of sugar would be exactly imitated. Hitherto no one has been able to make sugar by mixing water with two kinds of gas, but M. Pellegrini claims to have succeeded. The apparatus he uses consists of a large block of pumice stone, cleansed by soaking, first in sulphuric acid and then in water, which is set in an iron box plated with nickel inside. The length of the box is three times that of the pumice stone block, which is tightly fitted into the middle, and pipes are arranged to convey the ingredients to the empty ends of the box, as required. Two of them enter from the sides, and serve to bring carbonic acid and hydro-carbon gas, while another pipe from above branches so as to reach both empty portions of the box and conveys steam. All the pipes are fitted with valve and pressure gauges.

Another pipe, at the bottom of the box, serves as an outlet. At first this pipe is closed, as is also the steam pipe from above, and carbonic acid is forced into one end of the box, while ethylene gas is forced into the other, under equal pressure and in equal volumes. A few minutes later the steam valve above is opened and the steam forced in under the same pressure. As the gases unite the pressure falls, so that the supply of each must be kept constant. At the end of half an hour the supply of gas is shut off, the outlet pipe is opened and one of the chambers is found to be filling with syrup, containing twenty-five per cent. of sugar. The syrup is drawn off for refining, and as soon as the apparatus is cool it is ready for a fresh charge. The ethylene gas can be obtained by roasting rosin or grease, but M. Pellegrini's patent covers other hydro-carbons, such as petroleum products. The explanation is that the three gases are condensed in the pores of the pumice stone and there unite; but M. Maumene, who has made some experiments, declares this to be doubtful, and in Cosmos expresses doubt as to the success of the process.

THE GREEN CORN DANCE.

How It Is Conducted Among the Pottawatomia Indians in Kansas.

The Pottawatomie Indians are at present having their annual "green corn dance" on their reservation, about twenty miler north of town. The green corn dance is a celebration to the Indian deity on the arrival of the green corn, as the name suggests, says the Topeka Journal. The dance lasts day and night for sometimes as long as eight days, though of late years the limit has been shortened as civilization approached. It will probably soon die out altogether.

Of course the braves—they alone do the dancing—do not dance all this time without rest. The dance simply keeps up that long, different braves dancing while others rest. The exercises are conducted in a ring not unlike the circus ring. The participants are dressed in all the grotesque costumes of the race, with feathers, beads and furs. The braves are seated around the edge of the ring with faces to the center. The music, which consists of several Indians beating on one skin drum in the middle of the ring, you could not distinguish, but there must be some tune about the noise, for the players always strike together without a break. The dance—which consists of contortions of the body that only an Indian is capable of and hideous imitations of the cries of wild animals—lasts continuously for about half an hour, and then the music stops, while one of the braves in the ring makes a speech, always in the Indian tongue.

The squaws' part of the programme lies in taking care of the babies and cooking a green-colored liquid from the corn, which is brought into the ring in tin buckets steaming hot, and from which the dancers take refreshment.

HE WAS MOVING.

And for a Wonder His Belongings Did Not Crowd the Van.

A young man on the South side had two rooms in a flat building and had furnished them himself. He had all the comforts of a home—such as a folding bed, a dresser and a set of boxing gloves. His lease expired on May 1, and he had some other rooms engaged, but he required two weeks in which to screw up his courage to the moving point, says the Chicago Record.

He hired a brawny man to do the packing. The carpets, the bookcase and the other traps, including two trunks, made a formidable showing, and when he telephoned the transfer company he said: "Send one of your largest wagons." Next morning early there was a rap at his door and the brawny man said: "The wagon is here."

Before anything was carried downstairs he went out in front just to assure himself that the wagon was large enough. He found that it was. It resembled a storage warehouse on wheels. It was as large as the Barnum cage in which travel the two hippopotami. The driver sat on the roof, away up in the air, and the horses were dwarfed into ponies. When the back doors were opened there yawned a cavernous interior in which two sets could have danced a quadrille. There was no doubt about it being large enough. After all the earthly possessions of the young man had been pushed into one corner, the captain of the van asked where the rest of the stuff was to be found.

"That's all," said the youna man.

"All! That's not enough for ballast. Why didn't you get a wheelborrow?"

"I didn't know they had any wagons so big," stammered the humiliated young man. His property did make a paltry showing. When he paid the bill he was sorry that he hadn't used a wheelborrow.

A Notable Event.

When Queen Victoria travels, an engine is carefully selected, in charge of an experienced engineer and fireman. A pilot engine always precedes the royal train, and no train is allowed to cross the main line for half an hour before the time for the queen to pass. The gates at all grade crossings are locked, all shifting operations are suspended and an army of track-walkers are on duty to remove any obstruction from the line. In addition to all this, a telegram is sent from every station heralding her approach. Altogether, it must be quite an events when her majesty takes a trip, but the general traveling public cannot enjoy it.

Origin of the Walking Stick.

Probably the patriarch's staff was the first adaptation of the walking stick and from its first inception to the present day it has undergone almost endless changes. In 1701 footmen attending gentlemen were forbidden to carry swords, these being replaced by a porter's staff. Thirty years later gentlemen were forbidden to carry swords, but allowed to carry large oak sticks. Before many years varnished and polished woods with ornamental heads came into use and in one form or another have held their own in public popularity.

DR. MORITZ SALM.

This eminent Physician has devoted a lifetime to his Specialty—Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lung and Chronic Diseases.

The Doctor has been for years a Professor and lecturer in several of our largest Medical Colleges, and has earned great fame as an authority and author on all subjects concerning his specialty.

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Mondays, January 1, 29; February 26, March 26, April 23, May 21, June 18, July 16, August 13, September 10, October 8, November 5, December 3 and 31 till 3 P. M.

THE CAPITAL HOTEL, JOHNSTOWN, PA.,
Opposite the Pennsylvania Depot.
Tuesdays, January 2, 30; February 27, March 27, April 24, May 22, June 19, July 17, August 14, September 11, October 9, November 6, December 4.

ALL EYE OPERATIONS SUCCESSFULLY PERFORMED BY HIM

A Blind Man Made to See by Dr. Salm Making a Wonderful Operation.
For over ten years I have been badly cross eyed. Dr. Salm operated upon me without giving me chloroform, nor causing pain or loss of blood. My eyes are straight once more, and the eye that heretofore was almost totally blind, I can again see splendidly with.
MARY E. LONG.
Somerset, Pa.

Four of the Best Doctors in the County Said She Was Incurable, But Dr. Salm Made a Healthy Woman of Her.
For over 5 years I have been suffering with heart trouble and a bad case of dropsy. We went to four of the best doctors in the county for relief, but all of them said a cure was impossible. At times I felt so bad that I was certain I had to die. I fainted away very often, and my friends told me afterwards that they thought every moment would be my last. And I hereby affirm that had it not been for the splendid treatment received from Dr. Salm, who has entirely cured me of that great trouble, I would have been under the sod long ago.
SADIE L. ROSS.
Attested by her husband, Henry T. Ross, Leechburg, Armstrong Co., Pa.

A Peculiar Affection of the Legs Cured by Dr. Salm.
For the last 10 years our son had the most peculiar affection of both legs. They became covered with scabs and scales. They oozed out considerable secretion and the disease troubled him constantly, even interupted his sleep on account of the terrible itching. We tried the best doctors in our county and near by, without any results. None of them made the correct diagnosis until we brought him to Dr. Salm, who diagnosed the disease as a scrofulous affection, and as a result of his treatment he has succeeded in making a perfect cure in the time he stated. We believe he understands his business, and hence we do not hesitate to recommend him to our citizens.
FRED. S. COOK.
Hyndman, Pa.

Cancer Cured by Dr. Salm.
For some time I have suffered from an ugly looking cancerous growth on the chest. Doctors here pronounced it cancer, and said they could not do me any good. Dr. Salm has cured me in short order without using the knife or caustics, and only an insignificant scar is all that is left of the heretofore ugly and painful growth.
ELIZABETH MUELLER.
Somerset, Pa.

I Could Not Nor Would I Have Wanted to Live Much Longer in the Plight I Was in.
For some time I have suffered terribly with kidney and inward trouble. Six different doctors treated me for inflammation of the bowels, etc. I grew worse, had to get up about every half hour to void urine. The pain was most excruciating, and I am certain I could not nor would not wanted to have lived much longer in the plight I was in. Particularly as there did not seem a spot on my body that did not ache most terribly. My bowels were always in a bad condition, so I concluded that I would call on Dr. Salm of whom I had heard so much. He diagnosed my disease as being a result of kidney, stomach and inward trouble. I had not taken his medicines a week before I felt the benefit, and to-day after a course of treatment I can do my own work, after not having been able to hardly move about.
MRS. Y. YINKEY.
221 South St., Johnstown, Pa.

Suffered With Catarrh, Bronchitis and General Trouble for 16 Years, But Was Cured by Dr. Salm.
For the last 16 years I have been suffering with catarrh, bronchitis and general trouble. I took cold very easily, then I became choked up in my chest and could hardly breathe. My lungs became badly affected, lost flesh rapidly, and altered in looks amazingly. In fact it went from bad to worse continually. Tried different kinds of medicines, but without effect. After a course of treatment with Dr. Salm I am once more a well woman, do not take cold any more, and can rest and eat splendidly. In fact my neighbors tell me that I look 10 years younger, and I can assure you that I feel that way, thanks to the Doctor's wonderful cure of my case.
MARY M. FRASIER.
Wilmore, Pa.

Spinal and Brain Trouble Cured by Dr. Salm—A Wonderful Case.
Our boy became suddenly affected with spinal trouble, and it was but a short time before he had lost almost the entire use of his legs. Of course we became very much alarmed and worried about him, particularly as the four physicians we consulted told us there was no help for him, but Dr. Salm has again done a wonderful piece of work, for he can again use his limbs as well as ever, and he is cured of a terrible disease by this wonderful physician after four of our best doctors had pronounced his case incurable.
DANIEL F. POORMAN.
Milesburg, Pa.

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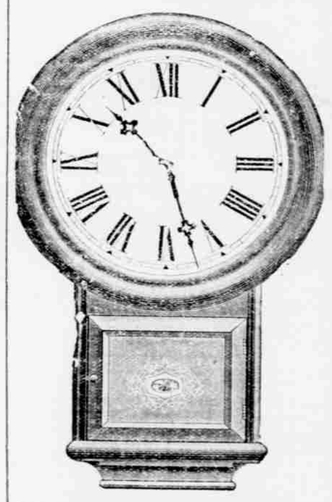

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LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY ALWAYS ON HAND.
My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere
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NOW OPEN.
September 5th to October 20th,
Innes' Famous 13th Regiment Band
OF NEW YORK, 65 PIECES,
THE GREATEST MILITARY BAND IN AMERICA, has been engaged at an ENORMOUS COST to entertain you.
MECHANICAL EXHIBITS NEVER EQUALED.
SEE THE
MINIATURE COKE PLANT,
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ELECTRIC DISPLAY, FISH EXHIBIT,
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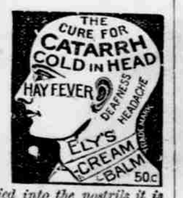
Elys Cream Balm
THE CURE FOR
CATARRH
HAY-FEVER AND COLD IN HEAD



Ely's Cream Balm is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into the nostrils it is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head, allays inflammation, heals the sores. Sold by druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price.
50c ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street NEW YORK. 50c

THE TELEPHONE NUISANCE.

How a Man Got Rid of Neighbors Who Wanted to Use His 'Phone.

"A business friend of mine has finally succeeded in ridding himself of a great nuisance," said Earnest F. Edwards, of Boston, who was at the Southern, to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. "His office happens to be on a floor in a building where there are a large number of tenants, but no other telephones besides his own. The result is he has been for months bored to death by telephone deadbeats, many of whom have used his telephone a great deal more than he has. The nuisance got so bad at last that it was quite usual to have two visitors waiting for each other at the 'phone. He tried various devices for a long time, but finally took the company into his confidence and got them to give him a new number, but not to change the plate on the 'phone. He specially notified central on no account to connect anyone who called up the old number. The scheme worked like a charm. For a day or two the nuisance was increased by the importunities of patrons of his telephone and their indignant protests when they failed to secure connection. It did not take long, however, for them to realize that the telephone was of no further use to them, and the way my friend echoed their protestations and lamentations was most interesting. He has the telephone all to himself now, and is not troubled in any way."

ANCIENT AZTEC RUINS.

Little Known Remains in the Mountain Regions of Arizona.

An old-time prospector lately arrived in Prescott, A. T., for a three months' sojourn in one of the most interesting and least-known portions of the territory, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. The wonderland from which he has returned is the country lying between the Mazatlan and Verde ranges of mountains. Mr. Court thinks that section contains more Aztec ruins than any other portion of America, evidences of human habitation being found from the highest peak to the lowest valleys. In one place he found a road or street of three miles in length, perfectly smooth and straight and sixty feet in width. On either side of the street, the entire distance, are ruins. The road was evidently built prior to some mighty earthquake, as it ends abruptly at the brink of a yawning chasm. He dug up and found lying about a great number of skeletons, which were in a fair state of preservation, the heads of all being alike, very large over the eyes and receding and almost flat toward the back of the head, jaws well developed, but front upper and lower teeth short and sharp. The ruins show the people to have been workers in stone, some fragments of work in turquoise being found. Every available foot of land had once been cultivated. The region, although little heretofore has been known about it, is very accessible, and will no doubt become an interesting resort for travelers.

ODD THINGS IN HEREDITY.

A Mannerism, Original in the Mother, Fully Developed in the Daughter.

There is an old lady in New York, says the Evening Sun, who, when a young woman, was climbing over a rail fence to escape a big black hog. Her dress caught, gave way and she fell, cutting her head just at the crown of the forehead. When the wound healed a slight scar showed on her forehead. To hide this she drew her hair down. Being unduly sensitive, she could rarely refrain from finding if the hair was doing its duty by fingering the lock. All through her life, and now in any sudden moment of consciousness, her fingers fly to her hair. She has a daughter, now a married woman, who exhibits the same peculiarity. When the fashion of hair changed and women turned their hair back a la marquise she found it becoming, but at last was so distracted at not finding her accustomed lock of hair she again adopted her bangs. Now she has a daughter, a girl of five, who has a way of catching her forelock like a groom. The family made an effort to break the habit, but gave it up as hereditary and hopeless.

There is a man who says that when a child he could not get to sleep without rubbing a piece of Canton flannel. When he got into trousers, and from that time since, when he grows meditative, he rubs the side of his trousers. He has a boy eight years old. This boy rubs the side of his trousers whenever he is studying or reading. As his fingers are not always clean there is a certain area on his trousers that occasions much distress. This also is set down to heredity.

Now, pertaining to such cases, there is a paragraph in the Lancet which ridicules the transmission of these muscular peculiarities. They are merely family tricks, and the result of imitation. Not only do such likenesses run in families, but tricks of manner, forms of speech, distinguished schoolboys educated at different schools. An Eton boy can be recognized anywhere, and Oxford and Cambridge imprint their own stamp on their students. These facts lead to the more important conclusion that education by imitation is not sufficiently considered in modern systems. A girl who is the companion of a woman of good figure, responsive face and easy movement is more likely to be easy, graceful and engaging in conversation than one brought up by a clumsy woman from books. Companionship is at the root not only of manners, but of style and figure, which are often mistakenly attributed to breeding.

BEAVERS NOT EXTINCT.

Traces of the Busy Little Animals Found in the Adirondacks.

It has been supposed that beavers were long extinct in the Adirondacks, but fresh work by them has been found on the outlet of Lake Meacham, twenty-five miles south of Malone. This discovery has attracted a good deal of attention from the guides and hunters. Beavers feed on the bark of the birch, willow, alder and poplar, and it is their habit to lay by stores of food in the summer.

Guides who were fishing on Meacham outlet recently found sticks of poplar of varying length and diameter, from half an inch to an inch, cut almost as neatly at each end as if the work could have been done with the knife. It was unmistakably the work of beavers. It would add largely to the charm of the Adirondacks if beavers were again to establish themselves there and erect their strange habitations. The game laws now forbid the trapping or killing of these animals at any time of the year.

Original Phrasing.

There are many wonderful dialects in existence, says Harper's Magazine. One of these is what might be called the suburban domestic dialect; that used by servants in the rural communities in the daily routine of housework. Several examples have come to hand. A suburbanite was greeted, one morning, as he entered his dining-room, with this choice specimen: "Mr. J., the colt has friz the pipes. They've bust, and the cellar's all afloat!" The same domestic, while at work in the hall adjoining the library where her employer was writing, thinking he might prefer not to witness the operation of polishing the floor, entered the room, and said: "Mr. J., do you want the door cluz, or the curtains drew?"

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THE FREEMAN JOB ROOMS.

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RHEUMATIC LINIMENT
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CURES
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PAINS AND ACHES.

Larrabee's Rheumatic Liniment is an old and valued remedy, which has enjoyed a constant patronage for over 50 years, proving its wonderful worth and efficiency in all ailments where pain is attendant.
Larrabee's Rheumatic Liniment is not a liquid preparation to soil and tarnish by breaking; it is put in wide-mouth bottles and applied with the finger, rubbing it in with more or less friction. It is
CLEAN, PURE,
EFFICACIOUS,
AGREEABLY SMELLING,
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Larrabee's Rheumatic Liniment is a splendid household remedy for external use in cases of burns, scalds, cuts, wounds, frostbites, headache, pains in muscles, joints and limbs, backache, etc., etc. Your druggist sells it, or it can be ordered by sending full name and address and 25 cents to below address.
SOLE PROPRIETORS.
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Nothing On Earth Will
MAKE HENS LAY
LIKE
Sheridan's Condition Powder!
It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity it costs less than a tenth of a cent a day. Strictly a medicine. Prevents and cures all diseases. Good for young chicks. Worth more than gold when hens Moult. "One large can saved me $40, being six for $5 to prevent roup," says a customer. If you can't get it send to 50 cents for two packs; five $1. A 24 pound can $3.50 post paid; 6 cans $5, express paid. "THE HEN AND CHICKEN PAPER," sample copy free. Poultry raising guide free with $1 or more. L. S. JOHNSON & CO. Boston, Mass.

Mountain House
STAR SHAVING PARLOR!
CENTRE STREET, EBENSBURG

THIS well-known and long established Shaving Parlor is now located on Centre street, opposite the livery stable of O'Hara, Davis & Luther, where the business will be carried on in the future. SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOOING done in the neatest and most artistic manner. Clean Towels a specialty.
Ladies waited on at their residences.
JAMES H. GANT,
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TO HAVE HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE IN ORDER.
DR. SANFORD'S
LIVER
INVIGORATOR
Cures thousands annually of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria. More Ills result from an Unhealthy Liver than any other cause. Why suffer when you can be cured? Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a celebrated family medicine.
YOUR DRUGGIST WILL SUPPLY YOU.

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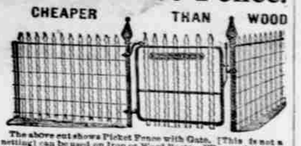
PATENT VARIABLE FRICTION FEED
Best Set Works in the World.
Saw Mill & Engine
Received the Medal and Highest Award at the World's Columbian Exposition.
Warranted the best made. Shingle Mills, Machinery and Standard Agricultural Implements of Best Quality at lowest prices. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.
A. B. FARQUHAR CO., Ltd.,
YORK, PENNA.

Steel Picket Fence.
CHEAPER THAN WOOD



The above cut shows Picket Fence with Gate. (This is not a netting) can be used on Iron or Wood Posts. When writing for prices give Quantity, Number of Gates, Double and Single, Wanted. We also manufacture Ornamental Iron Fencing, Cresting, Stable Fittings, Fire Shutters and FIRE ESCAPES, Cellar Doors, and Railings, Brass and Iron Grills, WIRE DOOR AND WINDOW SCREENS, and all kinds of WIRE WORK.
TAYLOR & DEAN,
201, 203 & 205 Market St. Pittsburgh, Pa.

FUN WITH A SEA TURT

An Experience That Netted Some to the Old Sea Captain.

"I am reminded," said an aging captain to a Washington recently, "of an experience with sea turtles on the gulf stream, about sixty Hatteras. I was part owner tain of the Mary Lyle at was coming up from Savan half cargo of rice, when the lookout yelled to me deck and look at the sea to I got up and looked over whole ocean, as far as I ahead of us, was covered They were trotting along were paddling along in posite direction to that in were going. It didn't take rig up a windlass and tackle pulling some of them aboard. We picked the largest and in the course of time caught twenty-six. Most could handily spare room ship. Only nine of them we reached New York, and them for good prices. The that weighed four hundred ty pounds is now in front house on Houston street. I would hate to say how were in sight of the Mary day, for fear somebody was fish-yarning, but they steadily for five hours and got well into the school far as the eye could reach and there was a turtle to forty square feet of water see one that weighed less hundred and fifty pounds."

DEADLIEST KNOWN PO

Shophanthidin, from an Atom of Which Is Death.

To the best of our knowledge the Brooklyn Eagle, the most poison is that which was Prof. Frazer, of Edinburgh, and known as shophanthidin arated it from the African plant, shophanthus kombe, of ether and alcohol. A one thousand-millionth part of crystallized shophanthidin distinctly injurious effect heart, and a very small fatal. Another deadly poi gen gas, the principal hydrocyanic or prussic acid.

At ordinary temperatures ply a gas, but can be conde and pressure into a liquid and becomes a mobile degrees Fahrenheit. The its gaseous state of a small quantity would cause death. One of the most rapid is arsenuretted hydrogen, which is formed by the action an alloy of arsenic and zinc phuric acid. It is a colorless sessing a fetid odor of garlic as a most deadly poison.

Adolph Ferdinand Gehlen born about 1775 at Irgenstatia, was the discoverer of experimenting with it at Jena July 15, he inhaled a small the pure gas and died in from the effects. The autopsy curred through his neglect joints of his apparatus to be flaw. Others engaged in operations have died from the of this poison in three days.

EXTRA POLITE

A French Count Who Could Not Be Done to Gallantry.

Frenchmen of the old school times tremendously polite, as breaking their necks to pick lady's fan, or setting themselves dry her when caught in a rain, or running through fire one who should dare to insult foot was large or her waist days Frenchmen are not so and yet they sometimes do ridiculously foolish things. In the This story, for example, is Count de Lavaldeux.

In descending the stairs opera one night a lady dance had a long dress of value torn by a man treading After an exclamation of she turned to the gentleman "Have you a pin?" Bowing "I don't carry a pin, sir," one," and he threw the valuable diamond pin lady, mortified probably about the pinchbeck, a diamond from pocket returned he, holding a diamonds," and breaking it he threw it out of the carriage sented the simple pin.

ONE OF CHINA'S CU

Canton, Where the Plague Co and It Isn't Surprised.

A line or two from Dr. Dunn's new book gives a picture of the horrors of life "The circumference of the measures from six to nine within their inclosure. million Chinese people in many oriental cities and many oriental smells and tom," says Mrs. Dunn, them all. The principal open sewers, every description being cast into them, numerous heaps of refuse. The water supply is taken in the streets, the middle on a level with the shower of rain or dipped buckets in which they fly back the surrounding horrible to think of, and miles of these high did we travel, through airless atmosphere that could cope with, through and noisome odors that man nostrils, past the sights in the shape of dead meat—such as dogs and and dressed ready for both dried and hanging tails; frogs and tortoises in tubs of water, also death and consumption."

HER OBNOXIOUS AT

It Was Too Much for the Nerves of Poor Woman.

Bad nerves are frequently troublesome. Experience it is always advisable to try onstrations in the land before too audacious and assume the wholesystem.

At a garden concert the ing, says the New York Herald, fine-looking, elderly woman ly desirable seat seemed to be under a mysterious twisted about, she wriggled her hands together, leaned back and shut her eyes desperation. What could be ter with her? She did not look for she did not fan, and she well to be on the verge of any kind. Suddenly the solved. Before her sat a large girl clad in a charming silk gauze. The perturbed leaned and touched her on der. Then she said:

"Young lady, your conduct ful, but it is made with the ning bias on your back, and me nearly frantic. Would changing seats with me, or them? If you don't I shall have to go home."

And the charming girl changed with her.